# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABUS

## M.TECH COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

(Applicable for the batches admitted from 2013-14)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD KUKATPALLY, HYDERABAD – 500 085.

#### ACADEMIC REGULATIONS R13 FOR M. TECH. (REGULAR) DEGREE COURSE

### Applicable for the students of M. Tech. (Regular) Course from the Academic Year 2013-14 and onwards

The M. Tech. Degree of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad shall be conferred on candidates who are admitted to the program and who fulfil all the requirements for the award of the Degree.

#### 1.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the University from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the University or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the University, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

#### 2.0 AWARD OF M. TECH. DEGREE

- 2.1 A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years. However, he is permitted to write the examinations for two more years after four academic years of course work.
- 2.2 A student, who fails to fulfill all the academic requirements for the award of the degree within four academic years from the year of his admission, shall forfeit his seat in M. Tech. course.
- 2.3 The student shall register for all 88 credits and secure all the 88 credits.
- 2.4 The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

#### 3.0 A. COURSES OF STUDY

The following specializations are offered at present for the M. Tech. course of study.

- Advanced Manufacturing Systems
- 2. Aerospace Engineering/Aeronautical Engineering
- 3. Automation
- 4. Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation
- 5. Bio-Technology
- 6. CAD/CAM
- 7. Chemical Engineering
- 8. Communication Systems
- 9. Computer Networks
- 10. Computer Networks and Information Security
- 11. Computer Science
- 12. Computer Science and Engineering
- 13. Computers and Communication Engineering.
- 14. Construction Management
- Control Engineering
- 16. Control Systems
- 17. Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology
- 18. Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing
- 19. Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.
- 20. Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
- 21. Digital Systems and Computer Electronics
- 22. Electrical Power Engineering
- 23. Electrical Power Systems
- 24. Electronics & Instrumentation

- 25. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 26. Embedded Systems
- 27. Embedded Systems and VLSI Design
- 28. Energy Systems
- 29. Engineering Design
- 30. Environmental Engineering
- 31. Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology
- 32. Geotechnical Engineering.
- 33. Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning.
- 34. Highway Engineering
- 35. Image Processing
- 36. Industrial Engineering and Management
- 37. Information Technology
- 38. Infrastructure Engineering
- 39. Machine Design
- 40. Mechatronics.
- 41. Microwave & Radar Engineering
- 42. Nano Technology
- 43. Neural Networks
- 44. Parallel Computing
- 45. Power and Industrial Drives
- 46. Power Electronics
- 47. Power Electronics and Electrical Drives
- 48. Power Engineering and Energy Systems
- 49. Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management
- 50. Power System Control and Automation
- 51. Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering
- 52. Production Engineering.
- 53. Real Time Systems
- 54. Software Engineering
- 55. Structural Engineering
- 56. Systems & Signal Processing
- 57. Thermal Engineering.
- 58. Transportation Engineering
- 59. VLSI
- 60. VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology
- 61. VLSI Design
- 62. VLSI System Design
- 63. Web Technologies
- 64. Wireless and Mobile Communication

and any other course as approved by the University from time to time.

#### 3.0 B. Departments offering M. Tech. Programmes with specializations are noted below:

Civil Engg.	Construction Management		
	Environmental Engineering		
	Geoinformatics and Surveying Technology		
	Geotechnical Engineering		
	Highway Engineering		
	Infrastructure Engineering		
	Structural Engineering		
	Transportation Engineering		
EEE	Control Engineering		
	Control Systems		
	Electrical Power Engineering		
	Electrical Power Systems		
	Power and Industrial Drives		
	Power Electronics		
	Power Electronics and Electrical Drives		
	Power Engineering and Energy Systems		
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management		
	Power System Control and Automation		
	Power System with Emphasis H.V. Engineering / H.V. Engineering		
ME	Advanced Manufacturing Systems		
	Automation		
	CAD/CAM		
	Design for Manufacturing/ Design and Manufacturing		
	Energy Systems		
	Engineering Design		
	Heating Ventilation & Air Conditioning		
	Industrial Engineering and Management		
	Machine Design		
	Mechatronics.		
	Power Plant Engineering & Energy Management		
	Production Engineering		
	Thermal Engineering.		
ECE	Biomedical Signal Processing and Instrumentation		
	Communication Systems		
	Computers and Communication Engineering.		
	Digital Electronics and Communication Engineering.		
	Digital Electronics and Communication Systems		
	Digital Systems and Computer Electronics		
	Electronics & Instrumentation		
	Electronics and Communication Engineering		
	Embedded Systems		
	Embedded Systems and VLSI Design		

	Microwave & Radar Engineering			
	Systems & Signal Processing			
	VLSI			
	VLSI and Embedded System/ Electronics Design Technology			
	VLSI Design			
	VLSI System Design			
	Wireless and Mobile Communication			
CSE	Computer Networks			
	Computer Networks and Information Security			
	Computer Science			
	Computer Science and Engineering			
	Cyber Forensic / Cyber Security & Information Technology			
	Image Processing			
	Information Technology			
	Neural Networks			
	Parallel Computing			
	Real Time Systems			
	Software Engineering			
	Web Technologies			
Aeronautical Engg.	Aerospace Engineering / Aeronautical Engineering			
Bio-technology	Bio-Technology			
Chemical Engg.	Chemical Engineering			
Nano Technology	Nano Technology			

#### 4.0 ATTENDANCE

The programs are offered on a unit basis with each subject being considered a unit.

- 4.1 A student shall be eligible to write University examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects.
- 4.2 Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- 4.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned.
- 4.4 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 4.5 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 4.6 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 4.7 A candidate shall put in a minimum required attendance at least in three (3) theory subjects in the present semester to get promoted to the next semester. In order to qualify for the award of the M. Tech. Degree, the candidate shall complete all the academic requirements of the subjects, as per the course structure.
- 4.8 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirements of the previous semester including the days of attendance in sports, games, NCC and NSS activities.

#### 5.0 EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practicals, on the basis of Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

- 5.1 For the theory subjects 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the average of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each mid term examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with Part A as compulsory question (16 marks) which consists of four sub-questions and carries 4 marks each and Part B with 3 questions to be answered out of 5 questions each question for 8 marks. If any candidate is absent from any subject of a mid-term examination, an on-line test will be conducted for him by the University. The details of the Question Paper pattern for End Examination (Theory) is given below:
- The End semesters Examination will be conducted for 60 marks which consists of two parts viz. i). Part-A for 20 marks, ii). Part –B for 40 marks.
- Part-A is compulsory question where it consists of five questions one from each unit and carries four marks each. This will be treated as Question 1.
- Part-B consists of five Questions (numbered from 2 to 6) carries 8 marks each. Each of these
  questions is from one unit and may contain sub-questions. For each question there will be an
  "either" "or" choice (that means there will be two questions from each unit and the student should
  answer only one question)
- 5.2 For practical subjects, 60 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 40 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks.
- 5.3 There shall be two seminar presentations during I year I semester and II semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Departmental Academic Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.
- 5.4 There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in II year I Semester. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by a Committee consisting of Head of the Department and two Senior Faculty members of the Department. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is intended to assess the students' understanding of various subjects he has studied during the M. Tech. course of study. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce is evaluated for 100 marks by the Committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.
- 5.5 A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.
- 5.6 In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.5) he has to reappear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and so has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the re-registered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt stand cancelled.
- 5.7 In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any subject, he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall re-register the subject when next

offered.

5.8 Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher and the second examiner shall be another Laboratory Teacher.

#### 6.0 EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- 6.1 A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Principal as Chairperson, Heads of all the Departments offering the M. Tech. programs and two other senior faculty members.
- 6.2 Registration of Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.
- 6.3 After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work to the Departmental Academic Committee for approval. Only after obtaining the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee can the student initiate the Project work.
- 6.4 If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Departmental Academic Committee. However, the Departmental Academic Committee shall examine whether or not the change of topic/supervisor leads to a major change of his initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.
- 6.5 A candidate shall submit his status report in a bound-form in two stages at least with a gap of 3 months between them.
- 6.6 The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. For the approval of PRC the candidate shall submit the draft copy of thesis to the Principal through Head of the Department and make an oral presentation before the PRC.
- 6.7 Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/ School/Institute.
- 6.8 The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the University. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.
- 6.9 If the report of the examiner is not favourable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is unfavourable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected.
- 6.10 If the report of the examiner is favourable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work as one of the following:
  - A. Excellent
  - B. Good
  - C. Satisfactory
  - D. Unsatisfactory

The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva-Voce examination.

If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory, the candidate shall retake the Viva-Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva-Voce examination, he will not be eligible for the award of the degree.

#### 7.0 AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the following four classes:

Class Awarded	% of marks to be secured
First Class with Distinction	70% and above
First Class	Below 70% but not less than 60%
Second Class	Below 60% but not less than 50%
Pass Class	Below 50% but not less than 40%

The marks in internal evaluation and end examination shall be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

#### 8.0 WITHHOLDING OF RESULTS

If the student has not paid the dues, if any, to the university or if any case of indiscipline is pending against him, the result of the student will be withheld and he will not be allowed into the next semester. His degree will be withheld in such cases.

#### 9.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS

- 9.1 Discontinued, detained, or failed candidates are eligible for admission to two earlier or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- 9.2 The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R13 academic regulations.

#### 10. GENERAL

- 10.1 Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- 10.2 The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- 10.3 In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor is final.
- 10.4 The University may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the University.

#### **MALPRACTICES RULES**

#### DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct Punishment					
		rumannent				
	If the candidate:					
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.				
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.				
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year.  The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the University.				
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.				

4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant – Superintendent / any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.  Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	

#### Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
  - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
  - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
  - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.TECH - COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

#### I Year | Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Advanced Data Communications	3	-	3
		Wireless Communications and Networks	3	-	3
		Advanced Digital Signal Processing	3	-	3
		Image and Video Processing	3	-	3
	Elective -I	Detection and Estimation Theory Internetworking RF Circuit Design	3	-	3
	Elective -II	Voice Over Internet Protocol Satellite Communications Radar Signal Processing	3	-	3
	Lab	Communication Lab-I	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### I Year II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	P	Credits
		Coding Theory and Techniques	3	-	3
		Wireless LANs and PANs	3	-	3
		Optical Communications Technology	3	-	3
		TCP/IP And ATM Networks	3	-	3
	Elective - III	Optical Networks Mobile Computing Technologies Ad-hoc and Wireless Sensor Networks	3	-	3
	Elective – IV	Network Security And Cryptography Propagation Models for Wireless Communications Software Radio	3	-	3
	Lab	Communication Lab-II	-	3	2
		Seminar	-	-	2
		Total Credits	18	3	22

#### II Year - I Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Comprehensive Viva	•	1	2
		Project Seminar	-	3	2
		Project work	-	-	18
		Total Credits	-	3	22

#### II Year - II Semester

Code	Group	Subject	L	Р	Credits
		Project work and Seminar	-	-	22
		Total Credits	-	-	22

#### M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Commn. Systems)

#### ADVANCED DATA COMMUNICATIONS

#### UNIT -I:

**Digital Modulation Schemes:** BPSK, QPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, 8QAM, 16QAM, DPSK – Methods, Band Width Efficiency, Carrier Recovery, Clock Recovery.

#### UNIT -II:

**Basic Concepts of Data Communications, Interfaces and Modems:** Data Communication Networks, Protocols and Standards, UART, USB, I2C, I2S, Line Configuration, Topology, Transmission Modes, Digital Data Transmission, DTE-DCE interface, Categories of Networks – TCP/IP Protocol suite and Comparison with OSI model.

#### UNIT -III:

**Error Correction:** Types of Errors, Vertical Redundancy Check (VRC), LRC, CRC, Checksum, Error Correction using Hamming code

Data Link Control: Line Discipline, Flow Control, Error Control

**Data Link Protocols:** Asynchronous Protocols, Synchronous Protocols, Character Oriented Protocols, Bit-Oriented Protocol, Link Access Procedures.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Multiplexing:** Frequency Division Multiplexing (FDM), Time Division Multiplexing (TDM), Multiplexing Application, DSL.

Local Area Networks: Ethernet, Other Ether Networks, Token Bus, Token Ring, FDDI.

Metropolitan Area Networks: IEEE 802.6, SMDS

**Switching:** Circuit Switching, Packet Switching, Message Switching.

Networking and Interfacing Devices: Repeaters, Bridges, Routers, Gateway, Other Devices.

#### UNIT -V:

**Multiple Access Techniques:** Random Access, Aloha- Carrier Sense Multiple Access (CSMA)- Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance (CSMA/CA), Controlled Access- Reservation- Polling-Token Passing, Channelization, Frequency- Division Multiple Access (FDMA), Time - Division Multiple Access (TDMA), Code - Division Multiple Access (CDMA), OFDM and OFDMA.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Communication and Computer Networking B. A. Forouzan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2003, TMH.
- Advanced Electronic Communication Systems W. Tomasi, 5th Ed., 2008, PEI.

- Data Communications and Computer Networks Prakash C. Gupta, 2006, PHI.
- 2. Data and Computer Communications William Stallings, 8th Ed., 2007, PHI.
- 3. Data Communication and Tele Processing Systems -T. Housely, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 2008, BSP.
- 4. Data Communications and Computer Networks- Brijendra Singh, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2005, PHI.

M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Commn. Systems)

#### WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKS

#### UNIT -I:

The Cellular Concept-System Design Fundamentals: Introduction, Frequency Reuse, Channel Assignment Strategies, Handoff Strategies- Prioritizing Handoffs, Practical Handoff Considerations, Interference and system capacity – Co-channel Interference and system capacity, Channel planning for Wireless Systems, Adjacent Channel interference, Power Control for Reducing interference, Trunking and Grade of Service, Improving Coverage & Capacity in Cellular Systems- Cell Splitting, Sectoring.

#### UNIT-II:

Mobile Radio Propagation: Large-Scale Path Loss: Introduction to Radio Wave Propagation, Free Space Propagation Model, Relating Power to Electric Field, The Three Basic Propagation Mechanisms, Reflection-Reflection from Dielectrics, Brewster Angle, Reflection from prefect conductors, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction-Fresnel Zone Geometry, Knife-edge Diffraction Model, Multiple knife-edge Diffraction, Scattering, Outdoor Propagation Models- Longley-Ryce Model, Okumura Model, Hata Model, PCS Extension to Hata Model, Walfisch and Bertoni Model, Wideband PCS Microcell Model, Indoor Propagation Models-Partition losses (Same Floor), Partition losses between Floors, Log-distance path loss model, Ericsson Multiple Breakpoint Model, Attenuation Factor Model, Signal penetration into buildings, Ray Tracing and Site Specific Modeling.

#### UNIT-III:

Mobile Radio Propagation: Small –Scale Fading and Multipath: Small Scale Multipath propagation-Factors influencing small scale fading, Doppler shift, Impulse Response Model of a multipath channel-Relationship between Bandwidth and Received power, Small-Scale Multipath Measurements-Direct RF Pulse System, Spread Spectrum Sliding Correlator Channel Sounding, Frequency Domain Channels Sounding, Parameters of Mobile Multipath Channels-Time Dispersion Parameters, Coherence Bandwidth, Doppler Spread and Coherence Time, Types of Small-Scale Fading-Fading effects Due to Multipath Time Delay Spread, Flat fading, Frequency selective fading, Fading effects Due to Doppler Spread-Fast fading, slow fading, Statistical Models for multipath Fading Channels-Clarke's model for flat fading, spectral shape due to Doppler spread in Clarke's model, Simulation of Clarke and Gans Fading Model, Level crossing and fading statistics, Two-ray Rayleigh Fading Model.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Equalization and Diversity:** Introduction, Fundamentals of Equalization, Training A Generic Adaptive Equalizer, Equalizers in a communication Receiver, Linear Equalizers, Non-linear Equalization-Decision Feedback Equalization (DFE), Maximum Likelihood Sequence Estimation (MLSE) Equalizer, Algorithms for adaptive equalization-Zero Forcing Algorithm, Least Mean Square Algorithm, Recursive least squares algorithm. Diversity Techniques-Derivation of selection Diversity improvement, Derivation of Maximal Ratio Combining improvement, Practical Space Diversity Consideration-Selection Diversity, Feedback or Scanning Diversity, Maximal Ratio Combining, Equal Gain Combining, Polarization Diversity, Frequency Diversity, Time Diversity, RAKE Receiver.

#### UNIT -V:

**Wireless Networks:** Introduction to wireless Networks, Advantages and disadvantages of Wireless Local Area Networks, WLAN Topologies, WLAN Standard IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.11 Medium Access Control, Comparison of IEEE 802.11 a, b, g and n standards, IEEE 802.16 and its enhancements, Wireless PANs, Hiper Lan, WLL.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Wireless Communications, Principles, Practice Theodore, S. Rappaport, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2002, PHI.
- 2. Wireless Communications-Andrea Goldsmith, 2005 Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Mobile Cellular Communication Gottapu Sasibhushana Rao, Pearson Education, 2012.

- 1. Principles of Wireless Networks Kaveh Pah Laven and P. Krishna Murthy, 2002, PE.
- 2. Wireless Digital Communications Kamilo Feher, 1999, PHI.
- 3. Wireless Communication and Networking William Stallings, 2003, PHI.
- 4. Wireless Communication Upen Dalal, Oxford Univ. Press
- 5. Wireless Communications and Networking Vijay K. Gary, Elsevier.

M. Tech - I Year - I Sem. (Commn. Systems)

#### ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

#### UNIT -I:

Review of DFT, FFT, IIR Filters and FIR Filters: Multi Rate Signal Processing: Introduction, Decimation by a factor D, Interpolation by a factor I, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor I/D, Multistage Implementation of Sampling Rate Conversion, Filter design & Implementation for sampling rate conversion.

#### UNIT -II:

**Applications of Multi Rate Signal Processing:** Design of Phase Shifters, Interfacing of Digital Systems with Different Sampling Rates, Implementation of Narrow Band Low Pass Filters, Implementation of Digital Filter Banks, Subband Coding of Speech Signals, Quadrature Mirror Filters, Transmultiplexers, Over Sampling A/D and D/A Conversion.

#### UNIT -III:

**Non-Parametric Methods of Power Spectral Estimation:** Estimation of spectra from finite duration observation of signals, Non-parametric Methods: Bartlett, Welch & Blackman-Tukey methods, Comparison of all Non-Parametric methods

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Implementation of Digital Filters:** Introduction to filter structures (IIR & FIR), Frequency sampling structures of FIR, Lattice structures, Forward prediction error, Backward prediction error, Reflection coefficients for lattice realization, Implementation of lattice structures for IIR filters, Advantages of lattice structures.

#### UNIT-V:

**Parametric Methods of Power Spectrum Estimation:** Autocorrelation & Its Properties, Relation between auto correlation & model parameters, AR Models - Yule-Walker & Burg Methods, MA & ARMA models for power spectrum estimation, Finite word length effect in IIR digital Filters – Finite word-length effects in FFT algorithms.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Digital Signal Processing: Principles, Algorithms & Applications J.G. Proakis & D. G. Manolakis, 4<sup>th</sup> Ed., PHI.
- 2. Discrete Time Signal Processing Alan V Oppenheim & R. W Schaffer, PHI.
- 3. DSP A Practical Approach Emmanuel C. Ifeacher, Barrie. W. Jervis, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., PE.

- Modern Spectral Estimation: Theory & Application S. M. Kay, 1988, PHI.
- 2. Multi Rate Systems and Filter Banks P.P. Vaidyanathan Pearson Education.
- 3. Digital Signal Processing S.Salivahanan, A.Vallavaraj, C.Gnanapriya, 2000, TMH
- 4. Digital Spectral Analysis Jr. Marple, PHI, 1998.

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#### IMAGE AND VIDEO PROCESSING

#### UNIT -I:

**Fundamentals of Image Processing and Image Transforms:** Basic steps of Image Processing System Sampling and Quantization of an image, Basic relationship between pixels.

**Image Segmentation:** Segmentation concepts, Point, Line and Edge Detection, Thresholding, Region based segmentation.

#### UNIT -II:

**Image Enhancement:** Spatial domain methods: Histogram processing, Fundamentals of Spatial filtering, Smoothing spatial filters, Sharpening spatial filters.

Frequency domain methods: Basics of filtering in frequency domain, image smoothing, image sharpening, Selective filtering.

#### UNIT-III:

**Image Compression:** Image compression fundamentals - Coding Redundancy, Spatial and Temporal redundancy, Compression models: Lossy & Lossless, Huffman coding, , Bit plane coding, Transform coding, Predictive coding, Wavelet coding, Lossy Predictive coding, JPEG Standards.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Basic Steps of Video Processing:** Analog Video, Digital Video. Time-Varying Image Formation models: Three-Dimensional Motion Models, Geometric Image Formation, Photometric Image Formation, Sampling of Video signals, Filtering operations.

#### UNIT -V:

**2-D Motion Estimation:** Optical flow, General Methodologies, Pixel Based Motion Estimation, Block-Matching Algorithm, Mesh based Motion Estimation, Global Motion Estimation, Region based Motion Estimation, Multi resolution motion estimation, Waveform based coding, Block based transform coding, Predictive coding, Application of motion estimation in Video coding.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Digital Image Processing Gonzaleze and Woods, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., Pearson.
- 2. Video Processing and Communication Yao Wang, Joem Ostermann and Ya–quin Zhang. 1st Ed., PH Int.

- 1. Digital Image Processing and Analysis-Human and Computer Vision Application with CVIP Tools Scotte Umbaugh, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, CRC Press, 2011.
- 2. Digital Video Processing M. Tekalp, Prentice Hall International
- 3. Digital Image Processing S. Jayaraman, S. Esakkirajan, T. Veera Kumar TMH, 2009.
- 4. Multidimentional Signal, Image and Video Processing and Coding John Woods, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Elsevier.
- 5. Digital Image Processing with MATLAB and Labview Vipula Singh, Elsevier.
- 6. Video Demystified A Hand Book for the Digital Engineer Keith Jack, 5th Ed., Elsevier.

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## DETECTION AND ESTIMATION THEORY (ELECTIVE - I)

#### UNIT -I:

**Random Processes:** Discrete Linear Models, Markov Sequences and Processes, Point Processes, and Gaussian Processes.

#### UNIT-II:

**Detection Theory:** Basic Detection Problem, Maximum A posteriori Decision Rule, Minimum Probability of Error Classifier, Bayes Decision Rule, Multiple-Class Problem (Bayes)- minimum probability error with and without equal a priori probabilities, Neyman-Pearson Classifier, General Calculation of Probability of Error, General Gaussian Problem, Composite Hypotheses.

#### UNIT-III:

**Linear Minimum Mean-Square Error Filtering:** Linear Minimum Mean Squared Error Estimators, Nonlinear Minimum Mean Squared Error Estimators. Innovations, Digital Wiener Filters with Stored Data, Real-time Digital Wiener Filters, Kalman Filters.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Statistics:** Measurements, Nonparametric Estimators of Probability Distribution and Density Functions, Point Estimators of Parameters, Measures of the Quality of Estimators, Introduction to Interval Estimates, Distribution of Estimators, Tests of Hypotheses, Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression.

#### UNIT-V:

**Estimating the Parameters of Random Processes from Data:** Tests for Stationarity and Ergodicity, Model-free Estimation, Model-based Estimation of Autocorrelation Functions, Power Special Density Functions.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Random Signals: Detection, Estimation and Data Analysis K. Sam Shanmugan & A.M. Breipohl, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 2011.
- Random Processes: Filtering, Estimation and Detection Lonnie C. Ludeman, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2010.

- 1. Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing: Volume I Estimation Theory—Steven.M.Kay, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- 2. Fundamentals of Statistical Signal Processing: Volume I Detection Theory—Steven.M.Kay, Prentice Hall, USA, 1998.
- 3. Introduction to Statistical Signal Processing with Applications Srinath, Rajasekaran, Viswanathan, 2003, PHI.
- 4. Statistical Signal Processing: Detection, Estimation and Time Series Analysis Louis L.Scharf, 1991, Addison Wesley.
- 5. Detection, Estimation and Modulation Theory: Part I Harry L. Van Trees, 2001, John Wiley & Sons, USA.
- 6. Signal Processing: Discrete Spectral Analysis Detection & Estimation Mischa Schwartz, Leonard Shaw, 1975, Mc Graw Hill.

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## INTERNETWORKING (ELECTIVE - I)

#### UNIT -I:

**Internetworking Concepts:** Principles of Internetworking, Connectionless Internetworking, Application level Interconnections, Network level Interconnection, Properties of the Internet, Internet Architecture, Wired LANS, Wireless LANs, Point-to-Point WANs, Switched WANs, Connecting Devices, TCP/IP Protocol Suite.

**IP Address: Classful Addressing:** Introduction, Classful Addressing, Other Issues, Sub-netting and Supernetting

**Classless Addressing:** Variable length Blocks, Sub-netting, Address Allocation. Delivery, Forwarding, and Routing of IP Packets: Delivery, Forwarding, Routing, Structure of Router.

ARP and RARP: ARP, ARP Package, RARP.

#### **UNIT-II:**

Internet Protocol (IP): Datagram, Fragmentation, Options, Checksum, IP V.6.

**Transmission Control Protocol (TCP):** TCP Services, TCP Features, Segment, ATCP Connection, State Transition Diagram, Flow Control, Error Control, Congestion Control, TCP Times.

**Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP):** SCTP Services, SCTP Features, Packet Format, Flow Control, Error Control, Congestion Control.

Mobile IP: Addressing, Agents, Three Phases, Inefficiency in Mobile IP.

**Classical TCP Improvements:** Indirect TCP, Snooping TCP, Mobile TCP, Fast Retransmit/ Fast Recovery, Transmission/ Time Out Freezing, Selective Retransmission, Transaction Oriented TCP.

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Unicast Routing Protocols (RIP, OSPF, and BGP:** Intra and Inter-domain Routing, Distance Vector Routing, RIP, Link State Routing, OSPF, Path Vector Routing, BGP.

**Multicasting and Multicast Routing Protocols:** Unicast - Multicast- Broadcast, Multicast Applications, Multicast Routing, Multicast Link State Routing: MOSPF, Multicast Distance Vector: DVMRP.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Domain Name System (DNS):** Name Space, Domain Name Space, Distribution of Name Space, and DNS in the internet.

Remote Login TELNET: Concept, Network Virtual Terminal (NVT).

File Transfer FTP and TFTP: File Transfer Protocol (FTP).

Electronic Mail: SMTP and POP.

**Network Management-SNMP:** Concept, Management Components, World Wide Web- HTTP Architecture. **UNIT -V:** 

**Multimedia:** Digitizing Audio and Video, Network security, security in the internet firewalls. Audio and Video Compression, Streaming Stored Audio/Video, Streaming Live Audio/Video, Real-Time Interactive Audio/Video, RTP, RTCP, Voice Over IP. Network Security, Security in the Internet, Firewalls.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. TCP/IP Protocol Suite- Behrouz A. Forouzan, Third Edition, TMH.
- 2. Internetworking with TCP/IP Comer 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition PHI.

- 1. High performance TCP/IP Networking- Mahbub Hassan, Raj Jain, PHI, 2005
- 2. Data Communications & Networking B.A. Forouzan 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition TMH
- 3. High Speed Networks and Internets- William Stallings, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 4. Data and Computer Communications, William Stallings, 7th Edition., PEI.
- 5. The Internet and Its Protocols Adrin Farrel, Elsevier, 2005.

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#### RF CIRCUIT DESIGN (ELECTIVE - I)

#### UNIT -I:

**Introduction to RF Electronics:** The Electromagnetic Spectrum, units and Physical Constants, Microwave bands – RF behavior of Passive components: Tuned resonant circuits, Vectors, Inductors and Capacitors - Voltage and Current in capacitor circuits – Tuned RF / IF Transformers.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Transmission Line Analysis:** Examples of transmission lines- Transmission line equations and Biasing-Micro Strip Transmission Lines- Special Termination Conditions- sourced and Loaded Transmission Lines.

**Single And Multiport Networks:** The Smith Chart, Interconnectivity networks, Network properties and Applications, Scattering Parameters.

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Matching and Biasing Networks:** Impedance matching using discrete components – Micro strip line matching networks, Amplifier classes of Operation and Biasing networks.

**RF Passive & Active Components:** Filter Basics – Lumped filter design – Distributed Filter Design – Diplexer Filters- Crystal and Saw filters- Active Filters - Tunable filters – Power Combiners / Dividers – Directional Couplers – Hybrid Couplers – Isolators. RF Diodes – BJTs- FETs- HEMTs and Models.

#### UNIT-IV:

**RF Transistor Amplifier Design:** Characteristics of Amplifiers - Amplifier Circuit Configurations, Amplifier Matching Basics, Distortion and noise products, Stability Considerations, Small Signal amplifier design, Power amplifier design, MMIC amplifiers, Broadband High Power multistage amplifiers, Low noise amplifiers, VGA Amplifiers.

#### UNIT -V:

**Oscillators:** Oscillator basics, Low phase noise oscillator design, High frequency Oscillator configuration, LC Oscillators, VCOs, Crystal Oscillators, PLL Synthesizer, and Direct Digital Synthesizer.

**RF Mixers:** Basic characteristics of a mixer - Active mixers- Image Reject and Harmonic mixers, Frequency domain considerations.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. RF Circuit design: Theory and applications by Reinhold Ludwing, Pavel Bretchko. Pearson Education Asia Publication, New Delhi 2001.
- Radio Frequency and Microwave Communication Circuits Analysis and Design Devendra K. Misra, Wiley Student Edition, John Wiley & Sons

- 1. Radio frequency and Microwave Electronics Mathew M.Radmangh, 2001, PE Asia Publication.
- 2. RF Circuit Design Christopher Bowick, Cheryl Aljuni and John Biyler, Elsevier Science, 2008.
- 3. Secrets of RF Design Joseph Carr., 3rd Edition, Tab Electronics.
- 4. Complete Wireless Design Cotter W. Sawyer, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Mc-Graw Hill.
- 5. Practical RF Circuit Design for Modern Wireless Systems Vol.2 -Less Besser and Rowan Gilmore.

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## VOICE OVER INTERNET PROTOCOL (VoIP) (ELECTIVE - II)

#### UNIT -I:

**Overview of IP Protocol Suite:** The Internet Protocol, The Transmission Control Protocol(TCP), The User Datagram Protocol (UDP), The Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP), IP multicast, IP version 6 (IP v6), Interworking IPv4 and IPv6, The VoIP Market, VoIP Challenges.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**H.323** and **H.245** Standards: The H.323 Architecture, Call Signaling-Call Scenarios, H.245 Control Signaling Conference calls-The Decomposed Gateway.

#### UNIT -III:

**The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP):** SIP architecture- Overview of SIP Messaging Syntax- Examples of SIP Message sequences- Redirect Servers- Proxy Servers. The Session Description Protocol (SDP)-Usage of SDP With SIP.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Quality of Service (QoS):** Need for QOS – End-to-end QoS, Overview of QOS solutions- The Resource reservation Protocol (RSVP)- Diffserv- The Diffserv Architecture- Multi-protocol Label Switching (MPLS)- The MPLS Architecture- MPLS Traffic Engineering- Label Distribution Protocols and Constraint- Based Routing.

#### UNIT-V:

**VoIP and SS7:** The SS7 Protocol Suite- The Message Transfer Part (MTP), ISDN User Part (ISUP) and Signaling Connection Control Part (SCCP), SS7 Network Architecture- Signaling Points (SPs)- Single Transfer Point (STP), - Service Control Point (SCP)- Message Signal Units (MSUs)- SS7 Addressing, ISUP, Performance Requirements for SS7, Sigtran- Sigtran Architecture- SCTP- M3UA Operation- M2UA Operation- M2PA Operation- Interworking SS7 and VoIP Architectures- Interworking Soft switch and SS7- Interworking H.323 and SS7.

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Carrier Grade Voice Over IP – Daniel Collins, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., TMH.

- 1. Understanding Voice Over IP Technology Nicholas Wittenberg Cengage, 1st Ed., 2010.
- 2. Voice Over WLANS The Complete Guide Michael, F. Finnevan, Elsevier, 2008.

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## SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS (ELECTIVE - II)

#### UNIT -I:

**Communication Satellite: Orbit and Description:** A Brief history of satellite Communication, Satellite Frequency Bands, Satellite Systems, Applications, Orbital Period and Velocity, effects of Orbital Inclination, Azimuth and Elevation, Coverage angle and slant Range, Eclipse, Orbital Perturbations, Placement of a Satellite in a Geo-Stationary orbit.

#### UNIT -II:

**Satellite Sub-Systems:** Attitude and Orbit Control system, TT&C subsystem, Attitude Control subsystem, Power systems, Communication subsystems, Satellite Antenna Equipment.

#### Satellite Link:

Basic Transmission Theory, System Noise Temperature and G/T ratio, Basic Link Analysis, Interference Analysis, Design of satellite Links for a specified C/N, (With and without frequency Re-use), Link Budget.

#### UNIT -III:

**Propagation Effects:** Introduction, Atmospheric Absorption, Cloud Attenuation, Tropospheric and Ionospeheric Scintillation and Low angle fading, Rain induced attenuation, rain induced cross polarization interference.

**Multiple Access:** Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) - Intermodulation, Calculation of C/N, Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) - Frame Structure, Burst Structure, Satellite Switched TDMA, On-board Processing, Demand Assignment Multiple Access (DAMA) – Types of Demand Assignment, Characteristics, CDMA Spread Spectrum Transmission and Reception.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Earth Station Technology:** Transmitters, Receivers, Antennas, Tracking Systems, Terrestrial Interface, Power Test Methods, Lower Orbit Considerations.

**Satellite Navigation and Global Positioning Systems:** Radio and Satellite Navigation, GPS Position Location Principles, GPS Receivers, GPS C/A Code Accuracy, Differential GPS.

#### UNIT -V:

**Satellite Packet Communications:** Message Transmission by FDMA: M/G/1 Queue, Message Transmission by TDMA, PURE ALOHA-Satellite Packet Switching, Slotted Aloha, Packet Reservation, Tree Algorithm.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Satellite Communications –Timothy Pratt, Charles Bostian, Jeremy Allnutt, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2003, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Satellite Communications Engineering Wilbur, L. Pritchand, Robert A. Nelson and Heuri G. Suyderhoud, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Pearson Publications.
- 3. Digital Satellite Communications-Tri.T.Ha, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1990, Mc.Graw Hill.

- Satellite Communications-Dennis Roddy, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1996, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Satellite Communications: Design Principles M. Richcharia, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., BSP, 2003.
- 3. Digital Satellite Communications Tri. T. Ha, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., MGH, 1990.
- 4. Fundamentals of Satellite Communications K. N. Raja Rao, PHI, 2004.

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## RADAR SIGNAL PROCESSING (ELECTIVE - II)

#### UNIT -I:

**Introduction:** Radar Block Diagram, Radar Equation, Information Available from Radar Echo. Review of Radar Range Performance—General Radar Range Equation, Radar Detection with Noise Jamming, Beacon and Repeater Equations, Bistatic Radar.

Matched Filter Receiver – Impulse Response, Frequency Response Characteristic and its Derivation, Matched Filter and Correlation Function, Correlation Detection and Cross-Correlation Receiver, Efficiency of Non-Matched Filters, Matched Filter for Non-White Noise.

#### UNIT -II:

**Detection of Radar Signals in Noise:** Detection Criteria – Neyman-Pearson Observer, Likelihood-Ratio Receiver, Inverse Probability Receiver, Sequential Observer, Detectors – Envelope Detector, Logarithmic Detector, I/Q Detector. Automatic Detection - CFAR Receiver, Cell Averaging CFAR Receiver, CFAR Loss, CFAR Uses in Radar. Radar Signal Management – Schematics, Component Parts, Resources and Constraints.

#### UNIT -III:

**Waveform Selection [3, 2]:** Radar Ambiguity Function and Ambiguity Diagram – Principles and Properties; Specific Cases – Ideal Case, Single Pulse of Sine Wave, Periodic Pulse Train, Single Linear FM Pulse, Noise Like Waveforms, Waveform Design Requirements, Optimum Waveforms for Detection in Clutter, Family of Radar Waveforms.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Pulse Compression in Radar Signals:** Introduction, Significance, Types, Linear FM Pulse Compression – Block Diagram, Characteristics, Reduction of Time Side lobes, Stretch Techniques, Generation and Decoding of FM Waveforms – Block Schematic and Characteristics of Passive System, Digital Compression, SAW Pulse Compression.

#### UNIT V:

**Phase Coding Techniques:** Principles, Binary Phase Coding, Barker Codes, Maximal Length Sequences (MLS/LRS/PN), Block Diagram of a Phase Coded CW Radar.

Poly Phase Codes: Frank Codes, Costas Codes, Non-Linear FM Pulse Compression, Doppler Tolerant PC Waveforms – Short Pulse, Linear Period Modulation (LPM/HFM), Sidelobe Reduction for Phase Coded PC Signals.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Radar Handbook M.I. Skolnik, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1991, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Radar Design Principles: Signal Processing and The Environment Fred E. Nathanson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1999. PHI.
- 3. Introduction to Radar Systems M.I. Skolnik, 3rd Ed., 2001, TMH.

- 1. Radar Principles Peyton Z. Peebles, Jr., 2004, John Wiley.
- 2. Radar Signal Processing and Adaptive Systems R. Nitzberg, 1999, Artech House.
- 3. Radar Design Principles F.E. Nathanson, 1st Ed., 1969, McGraw Hill.

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#### **COMMUNICATION LAB-I**

#### Note:

- A. Minimum of 10 Experiments have to be conducted
- B. All Experiments may be Simulated using MATLAB and to be verified using related training kits.
- 1. Implementation of Matched Filters.
- 2. Optimum receiver for the AWGN channel.
- 3. Design FIR (LP/HP/BP) filter using Window method.
- 4. Measurement of effect of Inter Symbol Interference.
- 5. Generation of constant envelope PSK signal wave form for different values of M.
- 6. Simulation of PSK system with M=4
- 7. Simulation of DPSK system with M=4
- 8. Design of FSK system
- 9. Simulation of correlation type demodulation for FSK signal
- 10. BPSK Modulation and Demodulation techniques
- 11. QPSK Modulation and Demodulation techniques
- 12. DQPSK Modulation and Demodulation techniques
- 13. 8-QAM Modulation and Demodulation techniques
- 14. DQAM Modulation and Demodulation techniques
- 15. Verification of Decimation and Interpolation of a given signal
- 16. Power spectrum estimation using AR models

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#### **CODING THEORY AND TECHNIQUES**

#### UNIT-I:

**Coding for Reliable Digital Transmission and Storage:** Mathematical model of Information, A Logarithmic Measure of Information, Average and Mutual Information and Entropy, Types of Errors, Error Control Strategies.

**Linear Block Codes:** Introduction to Linear Block Codes, Syndrome and Error Detection, Minimum Distance of a Block code, Error-Detecting and Error-correcting Capabilities of a Block code, Standard array and Syndrome Decoding, Probability of an undetected error for Linear Codes over a BSC, Hamming Codes. Applications of Block codes for Error control in data storage system

#### UNIT -II:

**Cyclic Codes:** Description, Generator and Parity-check Matrices, Encoding, Syndrome Computation and Error Detection, Decoding, Cyclic Hamming Codes, Shortened cyclic codes, Error-trapping decoding for cyclic codes, Majority logic decoding for cyclic codes.

#### UNIT-III:

**Convolutional Codes:** Encoding of Convolutional Codes, Structural and Distance Properties, maximum likelihood decoding, Sequential decoding, Majority- logic decoding of Convolution codes, Application of Viterbi Decoding and Sequential Decoding, Applications of Convolutional codes in ARQ system.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Burst – Error-Correcting Codes:** Decoding of Single-Burst error Correcting Cyclic codes, Single-Burst-Error-Correcting Cyclic codes, Burst-Error-Correcting Convolutional Codes, Bounds on Burst Error-Correcting Capability, Interleaved Cyclic and Convolutional Codes, Phased-Burst – Error-Correcting Cyclic and Convolutional codes.

#### UNIT -V:

**BCH – Codes:** BCH code- Definition, Minimum distance and BCH Bounds, Decoding Procedure for BCH Codes- Syndrome Computation and Iterative Algorithms, Error Location Polynomials and Numbers for single and double error correction

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Error Control Coding- Fundamentals and Applications Shu Lin, Daniel J. Costello, Jr, Prentice Hall Inc.
- 2. Error Correcting Coding Theory-Man Young Rhee- 1989, McGraw-Hill Publishing.

- 1. Digital Communications-Fundamental and Application Bernard Sklar, PE.
- 2. Digital Communications- John G. Proakis, 5<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2008, TMH.
- 3. Introduction to Error Control Codes-Salvatore Gravano-oxford
- 4. Error Correction Coding Mathematical Methods and Algorithms Todd K. Moon, 2006, Wiley India.
- 5. Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography Ranjan Bose, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009, TMH.

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#### **WIRELESS LANS AND PANS**

#### UNIT -I:

Wireless System & Random Access Protocols: Introduction, First and Second Generation Cellular Systems, Cellular Communications from 1G to 3G, Wireless 4G systems, The Wireless Spectrum; Random Access Methods: Pure ALOHA, Slotted ALOHA, Carrier Sense Multiple Access (CSMA), Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD), Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Avoidance (CSMA/CA).

#### UNIT -II:

**Wireless LANs:** Introduction, importance of Wireless LANs, WLAN Topologies, Transmission Techniques: Wired Networks, Wireless Networks, comparison of wired and Wireless LANs; WLAN Technologies: Infrared technology, UHF narrowband technology, Spread Spectrum technology

#### UNIT-III:

**The IEEE 802.11 Standard for Wireless LANs:** Network Architecture, Physical layer, The Medium Access Control Layer; MAC Layer issues: Hidden Terminal Problem, Reliability, Collision avoidance, Congestion avoidance, Congestion control, Security, The IEEE 802.11e MAC protocol

#### UNIT-IV:

**Wireless PANs:** Introduction, importance of Wireless PANs, The Bluetooth technology: history and applications, technical overview, the Bluetooth specifications, piconet synchronization and Bluetooth clocks, Master-Slave Switch; Bluetooth security; Enhancements to Bluetooth: Bluetooth interference issues, Intra and Inter Piconet scheduling, Bridge selection, Traffic Engineering, QoS and Dynamics Slot Assignment, Scatternet formation.

#### UNIT -V:

**The IEEE 802.15 working Group for WPANs:** The IEEE 802.15.3, The IEEE 802.15.4, ZigBee Technology, ZigBee components and network topologies, The IEEE 802.15.4 LR-WPAN Device architecture: Physical Layer, Data Link Layer, The Network Layer, Applications; IEEE 802.15.3a Ultra wideband.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Carlos de Morais Cordeiro and Dharma Prakash Agrawal, World Scientific, 2011.
- Wireless Communications and Networking Vijay K.Garg, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2009.

- 1. Wireless Networks Kaveh Pahlaram, Prashant Krishnamurthy, PHI, 2002.
- 2. Wireless Communication- Marks Ciampor, Jeorge Olenewa, Cengage Learning, 2007.

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#### **OPTICAL COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY**

#### UNIT-I:

**Signal propagation in Optical Fibers:** Geometrical Optics approach and Wave Theory approach, Loss and Bandwidth, Chromatic Dispersion, Non Linear effects- Stimulated Brillouin and Stimulated Raman Scattering, Propagation in a Non-Linear Medium, Self- Phase Modulation and Cross Phase Modulation, Four Wave Mixing, Principle of Solitons.

#### UNIT -II:

**Fiber Optic Components for Communication & Networking:** Couplers, Isolators and Circulators, Multiplexers, Bragg Gratings, Fabry-Perot Filters, Mach Zender Interferometers, Arrayed Waveguide Grating, Tunable Filters, High Channel Count Multiplexer Architectures, Optical Amplifiers, Direct and External Modulation Transmitters, Pump Sources for Amplifiers, Optical Switches and Wavelength Converters.

#### UNIT-III:

**Modulation and Demodulation:** Signal formats for Modulation, Subcarrier Modulation and Multiplexing, Optical Modulations – Duobinary, Single Side Band and Multilevel Schemes, Ideal and Practical receivers for Demodulation, Bit Error Rates, Timing Recovery and Equalization, Reed-Solomon Codes for Error Detection and Correction.

#### UNIT -IV:

**Transmission System Engineering:** System Model, Power Penalty in Transmitter and Receiver, Optical Amplifiers, Crosstalk and Reduction of Crosstalk, Cascaded Filters, Dispersion Limitations and Compensation Techniques.

#### UNIT -V:

**Fiber Non-linearities and System Design Considerations:** Limitation in High Speed and WDM Systems due to Non-linearities in Fibers, Wavelength Stabilization against Temperature Variations, Overall System Design considerations – Fiber Dispersion, Modulation, Non-Linear Effects, Wavelengths, All Optical Networks.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publishers (An Imprint of Elsevier).
- 2. Optical Fiber Communications Gerd Keiser, 3 ed., 2000, McGraw Hill.

- Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice

  –John.M.Senior, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2000, PE.
- 2. Fiber Optics Communication Harold Kolimbris, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, PEI
- 3. Optical Networks: Third Generation Transport Systems Uyless Black, 2nd Ed., 2009, PEI
- 4. Optical Fiber Communications Govind Agarwal, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, TMH.
- 5. Optical Fiber Communications and Its Applications S.C.Gupta, 2004, PHI.

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#### TCP/IP AND ATM NETWORKS

#### UNIT -I:

**Internet Protocol:** Internetworking, IPV4, IPV6, Transition from IPV4 to Ipv6. Process to process delivery, UDP, TCP and SCTP.

#### UNIT -II:

**Congestion Control and Quality of Service:** Data traffic, congestion, congestion control, two examples, Quality of Service, Techniques to improve QOS, Integrated services, and Differentiated services.

Queue management:-Passive-Drop-tail, Drop front, Random drop, Active –Early Random drop, Random Early Detection.

#### UNIT-III:

**Spread Spectrum:** Introduction, Basic Concept, Protection against Jamming, Spreading Codes (PN-Sequence), Generation, Properties, Types of Spread Spectrum Techniques, Application Of Spread Spectrum.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**X.25:-** X.25 Layers, X.21 protocol,

**Frame Relay:-**Introduction, Frame relay Operation, Frame relay Layers, Congestion Control, Leaky Bucket algorithm.

**ATM:-**Design Goals, ATM Architecture, Switching, Switch Fabric, ATM Layers, Service Classes, ATM Application.

#### UNIT-V:

**Interconnection Networks:** Introduction, Banyan Networks, Properties, Crossbar Switch, Three Stage Class Networks, Rearrangeble Networks, Folding Algorithm ,Benes Networks, Lopping Algorithm, Bit Allocation Algorithm.

SONET/SDH:-Synchronous Transport Signals, Physical Configuration, SONET Layers, SONET Frame.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Data communication and Networking. -B.A. Forouzen, 4th Edition TMH
- 2. TCP/IP Protocol Suit B.A. Forouzen, 4th Edition TMH

- Wireless Communication System -Abhishek yadav –University Sciences Press, 2009
- 2. Wireless Digital Communications -Kamilo Feher-1999 PHI
- 3. High Performance TCP-IP Networking -Mahaboob Hassan -Jain Raj-PHI
- 4. Data Communication & Networking -B. A. Forouzan 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition TMH
- 5. ATM Fundamentals N.N.Biswas -Adveture book Publishers-1998.

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## OPTICAL NETWORKS (ELECTIVE – III)

#### UNIT-I:

**Client Layers of Optical Networks:** SONET / SDH – Multiplexing, Frame Structure, Physical Layer, Infrastructure, ATM – Functions, Adaptation layers, QoS, Flow Control Signaling and Routing, IP – Routing, QoS, MPLS, Storage Area Networks – ESCON, Fiber Channel, HIPPI, Gigabit Ethernet.

#### UNIT -II:

**WDM Network Elements and Design:** Optical Line Terminals and Amplifiers, Add/Drop Multiplexers, Optical Cross Connects, Cost trade-offs in Network Design, LTD and RWA Problems, Dimensioning – Wavelength Routing Networks, Statistical and Maximum Load Dimensioning Models.

#### UNIT-III:

**Network Control and Management:** Network Management Functions, Optical Layer Services and Interfacing, Layers within Optical Layer, Multivendor Interoperability, Performance and Fault Management, Configuration Management, Optical Safety.

#### UNIT-IV:

**Network Survivability:** Basic Concepts of Survivability, Protection in SONET/SDH Links and Rings, Protection in IP Networks, Optical Layer Protection – Service Classes, Protection Schemes, Interworking between Layers.

#### UNIT-V:

Access Networks and Photonic Packet Switching: Network Architecture, Enhanced HFC, FTTC, Photonic Packet Switching – OTDM, Synchronization, Header Processing, Buffering, Burst Switching, Test Beds.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publishers (An Imprint of Elsevier).
- 2. WDM Optical Networks: Concepts, Design and Algorithms C. Siva Rama Murthy and Mohan Guruswamy, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2003, PEI.
- Optical Networks: Third Generation Transport Systems Uyless Black, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2009, PEI.

- Optical Fiber Communications: Principles and Practice John.M.Senior, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed.,2000, PE.
- 2. Fiber Optics Communication Harold Kolimbris, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, PEI.
- 3. Networks Timothy S. Ramteke, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, PEI.
- 4. Optical Fiber Communications Govind Agarwal, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2004, TMH.
- 5. Optical Fiber Communications and Its Applications S.C.Gupta, 2004, PHI.
- 6. Telecommunication System Engineering Roger L. Freeman, 4th Ed., Wiley-Interscience

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## MOBILE COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES (ELECTIVE – III)

#### UNIT -I:

Introduction to Mobile Computing Architecture: Mobile Computing – Dialog Control – Networks – Middleware and Gateways – Application and Services – Developing Mobile Computing Applications – Security in Mobile Computing – Architecture for Mobile Computing – Three Tier Architecture – Design considerations for Mobile Computing – Mobile Computing through Internet – Making existing Applications Mobile Enabled.

#### UNIT -II:

Cellular Technologies: GSM, GPS, GPRS, CDMA and 3G: Bluetooth – Radio Frequency Identification – Wireless Broadband – Mobile IP – Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) – Java Card – GSM Architecture – GSM Entities – Call Routing in GSM – PLMN Interfaces – GSM addresses and Identifiers – Network aspects in GSM – Authentication and Security – Mobile computing over SMS – GPRS and Packet Data Network – GPRS Network Architecture – GPRS Network Operations – Data Services in GPRS – Applications for GPRS – Limitations of GPRS – Spread Spectrum technology – Is-95 – CDMA Versus GSM – Wireless Data – Third Generation Networks – Applications on 3G

#### UNIT-III:

**Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) and Wireless LAN:** WAP – MMS – Wireless LAN Advantages – IEEE 802.11 Standards – Wireless LAN Architecture – Mobility in wireless LAN

Intelligent Networks and Interworking: Introduction – Fundamentals of Call processing – Intelligence in the Networks – SS#7 Signaling – IN Conceptual Model (INCM) – soft switch – Programmable Networks – Technologies and Interfaces for IN

#### UNIT-IV:

Client Programming, Palm OS, Symbian OS, Win CE Architecture: Introduction – Moving beyond the Desktop – A Peek under the Hood: Hardware Overview – Mobile phones – PDA – Design Constraints in Applications for Handheld Devices – Palm OS architecture – Application Development – Multimedia – Symbian OS Architecture – Applications for Symbian, Different flavors of Windows CE -Windows CE Architecture

**J2ME:** JAVA in the Handset – The Three-prong approach to JAVA Everywhere – JAVA 2 Micro Edition (J2ME) technology – Programming for CLDC – GUI in MIDP – UI Design Issues – Multimedia – Record Management System – Communication in MIDP – Security considerations in MIDP – Optional Packages

#### UNIT -V:

**Voice Over Internet Protocol and Convergence:** Voice over IP- H.323 Framework for Voice over IP – Session Initiation Protocol – Comparision between H.323 and SIP – Real Time protocols – Convergence Technologies – Call Routing – Voice over IP Applications – IP multimedia subsystem (IMS) – Mobile VoIP **Security Issues in Mobile Computing:** Introduction – Information Security – Security Techniques and Algorithms – Security Protocols – Public Key Infrastructure – Trust – Security Models – Security frameworks for Mobile Environment

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Mobile Computing Technology, Applications and Service Creation Asoke K Talukder, Roopa R Yavagal, 2009, TATA McGraw Hill
- 2. Mobile Communications Jochen Schiller 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Pearson Education

- The CDMA 2000 System for Mobile Communications Vieri Vaughi, Alexander Damn Jaonvic Pearson
- 2. Adalestein Fundamentals of Mobile & Parvasive Computing, 2008, TMH

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## AD HOC AND WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS (ELECTIVE – III)

#### UNIT -I:

**Wireless LANs:** Introduction, Transmission Techniques: Wired and Wireless Networks; Medium Access Control Issues: Hidden Terminal Problem, Reliability, Collision Avoidance, Congestion Control, Energy Efficiency; The IEEE 802.11 standard for Wireless LANs: Network Architecture, The Physical Layer, The MAC Layer

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Ad-Hoc Wireless Networks:** Introduction; Cellular and Ad-Hoc Wireless Networks; Issues in Ad-Hoc Wireless Networks: Medium Access Scheme, Routing, Multicasting, Transport Layer Protocols, Quality of Service Provisioning, Energy Management, Scalability

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Medium Access Control Protocols:** Introduction; Issues in Designing a MAC protocol: Bandwidth efficiency, Quality of Service support, Synchronization, Hidden and exposed terminal problems, Error prone shared broadcast channel, mobility nodes; Design goals of a MAC protocol; Classification of MAC protocols; Contention-based protocols: MACAW, Floor acquisition multiple access protocol, Busy tone multiple access protocols, MACA by invitation, Media access with reduced handshake; Contention-based protocols with reservation mechanisms; Contention-based MAC protocols with scheduling mechanisms; MAC protocols that use directional antennas

#### UNIT -IV:

Routing and Transport Layer Protocols: Introduction, issues in designing a routing protocol, Classification of routing protocols, Table-driven protocols, On-demand routing protocols, Hybrid routing protocols, Routing with efficient flooding mechanisms, Hierarchical routing protocols, Power-aware routing protocols; Introduction to transport layer protocols, design issues and goals of transport layer protocol, Classification of transport layer solutions

#### UNIT-V:

**Wireless Sensor Networks:** Introduction, Sensor Network Architecture, Data Dissemination, Data gathering, MAC protocols for Sensor Networks, Location Discovery, Quality of a Sensor Network

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Ad Hoc Wireless Networks C. Siva Ram Murthy, 2004, Pearson Education.
- Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Carlos de Morais Cordeiro and Dharma Prakash Agrawal, 2011, World Scientific.
- 3. Wireless Sensor Networks Kazen Sohraby, Daniel Minoli, Taieb Znati, 1991, Wiley Student Edition.

- Ad-Hoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Protocols and Systems C.K. Toh, 1st Edn, Pearson Education.
- 2. Wireless Sensor Networks C.S. Raghavendra, Krishna M. SivaLingam, 2004, Springer.
- 3. Wireless Ad- hoc and Sensor Networks: Protocols, Performance and Control Jagannathan Sarangapani, CRC Press

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## NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY (ELECTIVE – IV)

#### UNIT -I:

**Introduction:** Attacks, Services and Mechanisms, Security attacks, Security services, A Model for Internetwork security.

Classical Techniques: Conventional Encryption model, Steganography, Classical Encryption Techniques. Modern Techniques: Simplified DES, Block Cipher Principles, Data Encryption standard, Strength of DES, Differential and Linear Cryptanalysis, Block Cipher Design Principles and Modes of operations.

#### UNIT -II:

**Encryption Algorithms:** Triple DES, International Data Encryption algorithm, Blowfish, RC5, CAST-128, RC2, Characteristics of Advanced Symmetric block ciphers.

**Conventional Encryption:** Placement of Encryption function, Traffic confidentiality, Key distribution, Random Number Generation.

#### UNIT -III:

**Public Key Cryptography:** Principles, RSA Algorithm, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography.

**Number Theory:** Prime and Relatively prime numbers, Modular arithmetic, Fermat's and Euler's theorems, Testing for primality, Euclid's Algorithm, the Chinese remainder theorem, Discrete logarithms.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Message Authentication and Hash Functions:** Authentication requirements and functions, Message Authentication, Hash functions, Security of Hash functions and MACs.

**Hash and Mac Algorithms:** MD File, Message digest Algorithm, Secure Hash Algorithm, RIPEMD-160, HMAC.

Digital signatures and Authentication protocols: Digital signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital signature standards.

**Authentication Applications:** Kerberos, X.509 directory Authentication service.

Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME.

#### UNIT-V:

**IP Security:** Overview, Architecture, Authentication, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining security Associations, Key Management. Web Security: Web Security requirements, Secure sockets layer and Transport layer security, Secure Electronic Transaction.

Intruders, Viruses and Worms: Intruders, Viruses and Related threats.

Fire Walls: Fire wall Design Principles, Trusted systems.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice William Stallings, Pearson Education.
- 2. Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards) William Stallings Pearson Education.

- 1. Fundamentals of Network Security Eric Maiwald (Dreamtech press)
- 2. Network Security Private Communication in a Public World Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, Pearson/PHI.
- 3. Principles of Information Security Whitman, Thomson.
- 4. Network Security: The complete reference Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes, TMH
- 5. Introduction to Cryptography Buchmann, Springer.

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## PROPAGATION MODELS FOR WIRELESS COMMUNICATION (ELECTIVE – IV)

#### UNIT -I:

**Basic Propagation Models:** Reflection, Refraction and Transmission, Rough surface scattering, Geometrical optics Principles.Diffraction – Principle and Single Knife Edge Diffraction. Definition of pathloss. Noise Modelling, Free Space Loss, Plane Earth loss

#### UNIT -II:

**Macrocells:** Definition of parameters, Empirical Path Loss Models, Physical models, ITU-R models, comparison of models.

Empirical Models, Physical models, line-of-sight models, Non-line-of-sight models.

**Picocells:** Empirical models of propagation with in buildings, physical models of indoor propagation, Models of Propagation into buildings, ultra wide band indoor propagation, and Indoor link budgets, Introduction of Mega cells.

#### **UNIT -III:**

**Mega Cells**: Shadowing and Fast fading, Empirical Narrowband models, Statistical Models, Physical Statistical models for built-up areas, and over all mobile satellite channel model.

**Shadowing**: Statistical characterization, Physical basis for shadowing, Impact on coverage, location variability, correlated shadowing.

#### UNIT -IV:

**Fast fading**: Narrow band fast fading channel, AWGN Channel, Narrow band fading channel, Rayleigh, Rice and Nakagani-m distribution, Wideband fast fading –Effect of wideband fading, wide band channel model and parameters, frequency domain effects and Bello functions.

**Overcoming Narrowband Fading**: Space diversity, Polarization diversity, Time diversity, Frequency diversity, and combining methods.

**Overcoming Wideband Fading**: System modeling, Linear equalizers, Adaptive Equalizers, Non-Linear Equalizers, Rake receivers, and OFDM receivers.

#### UNIT -V:

**Channel Measurements for Mobile Systems:** Application for channel measurements, Impact of Measurement in accuracies, Signal sampling issues, measurement systems, equipment calibration and validation, outdoor and indoor measurements.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Antennas and Propagation for Wireless Communication Systems: Simon R. Saunders, Alejandro Aragon-Zavala, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed. 2007, Wiley Student Edition.
- 2. Wireless Communication & Networks Stallings, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2009, Pearson Education.

- 1. Wireless Communications SAHA 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
- 2. Wireless Communications Principles and Practices Theodore S. Rappaport, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2009, PE.
- 3. Mobile Cellular Communications G. Sashibhushana Rao, Pearson Education, 2013.

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## SOFTWARE RADIO (ELECTIVE – IV)

#### UNIT -I:

**Introduction:** The Need for Software Radios, What is Software Radio, Characteristics and benefits of software radio- Design Principles of Software Radio, RF Implementation issues- The Purpose of RF Front – End, Dynamic Range- The Principal Challenge of Receiver Design – RF Receiver Front- End Topologies- Enhanced Flexibility of the RF Chain with Software Radios- Importance of the Components to Overall Performance- Transmitter Architectures and Their Issues- Noise and Distortion in the RF Chain, ADC and DAC Distortion.

#### **UNIT-II:**

**Multi Rate Signal Processing:** Introduction- Sample Rate Conversion Principles- Polyphase Filters- Digital Filter Banks- Timing Recovery in Digital Receivers Using Multirate Digital Filters.

**Digital Generation of Signals:** Introduction- Comparison of Direct Digital Synthesis with Analog Signal Synthesis- Approaches to Direct Digital Synthesis- Analysis of Spurious Signals- Spurious Components due to Periodic jitter- Band Pass Signal Generation- Performance of Direct Digital Synthesis Systems-Hybrid DDS-PLL Systems- Applications of direct Digital Synthesis- Generation of Random Sequences-ROM Compression Techniques.

#### **UNIT-III:**

**Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog Conversion:** Parameters of ideal data converters- Parameters of Practical data converters- Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog Conversion- Techniques to improve data converter performance- Common ADC and DAC architectures.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

**Digital Hardware Choices:** Introduction- Key Hardware Elements- DSP Processors- Field Programmable Gate Arrays- Trade-Offs in Using DSPs, FPGAs, and ASICs- Power Management Issues- Using a Combination of DSPs, FPGAs, and ASICs.

#### UNIT -V:

**Object – Oriented Representation of Radios and Network Resources:** Networks- Object Oriented Programming- Object Brokers- Mobile Application Environments- Joint Tactical Radio System.

**Case Studies in Software Radio Design:** Introduction and Historical Perspective, SPEAK easy- JTRS, Wireless Information Transfer System, SDR-3000 Digital Transceiver Subsystem, Spectrum Ware, CHARIOT.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Software Radio: A Modern Approach to Radio Engineering Jeffrey H. Reed, 2002, PEA Publication.
- 2. Software Defined Radio: Enabling Technologies- Walter Tuttle Bee, 2002, Wiley Publications.

- 1. Software Defined Radio for 3G Paul Burns, 2002, Artech House.
- 2. Software Defined Radio: Architectures, Systems and Functions Markus Dillinger, Kambiz Madani, Nancy Alonistioti, 2003, Wiley.
- 3. Software Radio Architecture: Object Oriented Approaches to wireless System Enginering Joseph Mitola, III, 2000, John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. R.F Microelectronics B. Razavi, 1998, PHI.
- 5. DSP A Computer Based Approach S. K. Mithra, 1998, McGraw-Hill.

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#### **COMMUNICATION LAB-II**

#### Note:

- A. Minimum of 10 Experiments have to be conducted
- B. All Experiments may be Simulated using MATLAB and to be verified using related training kits.
- 1. Measurement of Bit Error Rate using Binary Data.
- 2. Verification of minimum distance in Hamming code.
- 3. Determination of output of Convolutional Encoder for a given sequence.
- 4. Determination of output of Convolutional Decoder for a given sequence.
- 5. Efficiency of DS Spread-Spectrum Technique.
- 6. Simulation of Frequency Hopping (FH) system.
- 7. Determination of Losses in Optical fiber.
- 8. Calculation of Numerical Aperture in Optical fibers.
- 9. Observing the waveforms at various test points of a mobile phone using Mobile Phone Trainer.
- 10. Study of direct sequence spread spectrum modulation and demodulation using CDMA-DSSS-BER trainer.
- 11. Study of ISDN training system with protocol analyzer.
- 12. Characteristics of LASER diode.
- 13. Determination of parameters using global positioning system trainer.