

# **COURSES SCHEME**

&

**SYLLABUS** 

**FOR** 

M.SC.

**BIO-TECHNOLOGY** 

2015

## COURSE SCHEME & SYLLABUS FOR M.SC. (BIO-TECHNOLOGY)

## SEMESTER – I

SR. NO.	COURSE NO.	TITLE	L	Т	P	CR
	PIM101	BASIC MATHEMATICS			0	
1	THVIIOI	(FOR MEDICAL GROUP)	3	1		3.5
1	PBT107	INTRODUCTION TO LIFE SCIENCES	3	1		3.5
	PD1107	(FOR NON-MEDICAL GROUP)				
2	PBT108	MICROBIOLOGY	3	0	2	4.0
3	PBT103	BIOCHEMISTRY	3	1	2	4.5
4	PBT104	CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	3	0	2	4.0
5	PBT109	BIO-TECHNIQUES AND	3	1	2	4.5
3	FB1109	INSTRUMENTATION	3	1		4.5
6	PHU002	PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION	3	1	0	3.5
		TOTAL	18	4	8	24.0

## SEMESTER – II

SR. NO.	COURSE NO.	TITLE	L	T	P	CR
1	PBT207	BIOSTATISTICS AND COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY	3	1	2	4.5
2	PBT302	BIOINFORMATICS	3	1	2	4.5
3	PBT209	FOOD PROCESSING	3	0	2	4.0
4	PBT204	GENETIC AND METABOLIC ENGINEERING	3	0	2	4.0
5	PBT210	IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOTHERAPY	3	1	2	4.5
6	PBT206	MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY	3	0	2	4.0
		TOTAL	18	3	12	25.5

## SEMESTER – III

SR. NO.	COURSE NO.	TITLE	L	T	P	CR
1	PHU301	ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND IPR	3	1	0	3.5
2	PBT202	BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY	3	1	2	4.5
3	PBT304	PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY	3	0	2	4.0
4	PBT305	PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY	3	0	2	4.0
5	PBT306	ANIMAL AND STEM CELL TECHNOLOGY	3	1	2	4.5
6		ELECTIVE-I	3	0	2	4.0
7	PBT391	SUMMER ASSIGNMENT/INDUSTRY VISIT	-	1	ı	2.0
		TOTAL	18	3	10	26.5

## **ELECTIVE-I**

PBT311: GENOMICS, METAGENOMICS, AND PROTEOMICS

PBT312: MOLECULAR FARMING

PBT313: MOLECULAR MEDICINE AND DIAGNOSTICS

## SEMESTER - IV

SR. NO.	COURSE NO.	TITLE	L	T	P	CR
1.	PBT491	Seminar	-	-	-	2.0
2.	PBT492	Major Research Project	-	-	-	12.0
		TOTAL	-	-	-	14.0

**TOTAL NUMBER OF CREDITS: 86.0** 

#### PIM101: BASIC MATHEMATICS

L T P Cr 3 1 0 3.5

**Course Objective:** The objective is to develop basic computing skills and application of quantitative and statistical operations required for biological studies and rationalization of experimental designs.

**Algebra:** Linear and quadratic equations; Complex numbers, Argand plane and polar representation of a complex number, square root of a complex number; Permutations and Combinations; Binomial theorem for positive/negative index and its simple applications; Arithmetic and Geometric progression.

**Trigonometry:** Review of trigonometric functions, sum and product formulae for trigonometric functions, Trigonometric Equations and C-D formulas for trigonometric functions; Identities related to  $\sin(2x)$ ,  $\cos(2x)$  and  $\tan(2x)$ .

**Determinants and Matrices:** Matrices, Operations on Matrices, Determinants and its properties, singular and non-singular matrices, Adjoint and inverse of a matrix and its properties, Solution of system of linear equations using Cramer's rule and inverse of a matrix.

**Differentiation:** Review of sets, relations and functions, Limit, Continuity and Differentiability, Differentiation of standard functions (polynomials, trigonometric, inverse trigonometric exponentials and logarithmic); Product rule, Quotient rule, applications of derivatives in Graphing,

**Integration:** Integral as anti-derivative. Integration by substitution, by partial Fractions and by parts. Definite integral and its properties. Areas of bounded regions

Coordinate Geometry: Rectangular Coordinate system, Straight lines, Circles. (in standard form)

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Acquire mathematical concepts in continuous learning and connecting ideas like numerical analyses, calculus, and coordinate geometry to other subjects.
- 2. Learn various applications of mathematics.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Mathematics, A Text book (Parts I & II), NCERT, New Delhi (2011).
- 2. Thomas, G.B. and Finney, R.L. Calculus and Analytical Geometry, Pearson Education (2007).

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Shanti Narayan, Differential and Integral Calculus, S. Chand (2005).
- 2. Krishnamurthy V.K., Mainra V.P. and Arora J.L. An introduction to Linear Algebra. Associated East West Press (2007).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	30
2	EST	45
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	25

#### PBT107: INTRODUCTION TO LIFE SCIENCES

L T P Cr 3 1 0 3.5

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to enable the students to gain knowledge of diversity of life and to understand various aspects of living systems. The course will provide understanding of basic organization of plant and animal systems at cellular, tissue and organ levels and their specialized functions.

**Introduction:** Definition of biology and its various branches, Origin of life, Molecular basis and characteristics of life, Levels of Biological Organization.

**Diversity of Living World:** Lower and higher forms of life, Plant Kingdom and its classification, Major phyla of Animal Kingdom and their distinguishing features, General features of plant and animal life.

Cell Reproduction: Process of Mitosis and Meiosis and their significance, Karyotyping

**Genetics**: Mendelian Genetics, Patterns of inheritance – Incomplete dominance, Multiple alleles, Codominance, Lethal genes, Polygenic inheritance, Sex linked inheritance

**Cell Specialization and Structural Organization:** Organization of plant and animal tissues, Vegetative and reproductive parts of a flowering plant, modifications of its vegetative parts, Reproduction in Plants.

**Plant Physiology:** Absorption and transportation of water, Photosynthesis in higher plants, Plant growth hormones.

Animal and Human Physiology: Digestion and absorption of food, Breathing and exchange of gases

**Self-Learning:** Structure of human heart and circulation of blood, Excretion and Osmoregulation, Nervous system and sense organs of human body, Endocrine system.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply the basic knowledge of plant systems in various fields of biotechnology.
- 2. apply the basic knowledge of animal and human physiology in biomedical sciences
- 3. use the concepts of genetics in molecular biology.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Bhatia K.N. and Tyagi M.P., Elementary Biology, Trueman Book Company (2007).
- 2. Dhami P.S., Srivastava H.N. and Chopra G., A Textbook of Biology, Pradeep Publications (2007).

### Reference Books:

- 1. Campbell, N.A. and Reece, J.B., Biology, Pearson-Education (2005).
- 2. Paulose, P.A., Certificate Biology, Oxford University Press

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	30
2	EST	45
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	25

#### **PBT108: MICROBIOLOGY**

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to make students understand the existence of microbial world and diversity along with their origin and scope in present day life.

**Introduction to Microbiology**: Scope of microbiology and emerging avenues, Development of microbiology.

**Microbial Diversity**: Microbial taxonomy and detailed classification of the microbial world as per Bergey's manual of classification (Bacteria, Archaea, Eukarya), Bacterial cell structure and morphological features (cell wall, outer membrane, flagella, endospores and gas vacuoles), microbes beyond cellular organization (Viruses, viroids, virusoids and prions).

**Microbial Nutrition and Growth:** Cultural characteristics of microorganisms, Techniques for enumeration of microorganisms in soil and water, Pure culture and enrichment culture techniques for the isolation of heterotrophs and autotrophs, Reproduction and growth, Growth measurement and growth yields, factors affecting growth, synchronous growth continuous culture.

**Microbial Physiology:** Metabolic diversity among microorganisms, Aerobic and anaerobic respiration, Fermentation, Bacterial photosynthesis.

**Preservation and Control of Microorganisms**: Culture collection and maintenance and preservation, Cryopreservation and lyophilization, Physical and chemical agents for the control of microbial growth, Antimicrobial agents, Antibiotics and their mode of action, Biosafety and levels of biosafety, Types of microbiological safety cabinets, GLP and GMP.

**Microbial Genetics**: Transfer of genetic material in bacteria - Transformation, conjugation and transduction, Plasmid biology, Transposons, Sources of variation, Mutation and induced mutagenesis, Strain improvement, Ames test.

**Self-Learning:** Microbial diseases, Major diseases in plants and animals, food and water borne diseases; emerging and resurgent infectious diseases.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Cell morphology and cell identification, Cell counting, Measurement of cell dimension, Microscopic observations of stained cell preparations, Media preparation and enumeration of microorganisms in air soil and water, Identification of various sources of contamination in aseptic microbiological work, Isolation of pure cultures (aerobic and autotrophic bacteria) and culture techniques, Bacterial growth curve, Growth measurement, Plasmid isolation and transformation, Induced mutagenesis and replica plating technique.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. recognize and compare the structure and function of microbes
- 2. check microbial contamination in environmental samples
- 3. demonstrate aseptic microbiological techniques in the laboratory
- 4. control microbial contamination and take safety measures
- 5. apply norms of biosafety practices in various set ups.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Cappuccino, J.G. and Sherman, N., Microbiology- a Laboratory Manual, Pearson Education (2006).
- 2. Pelczar Jr. M.J., Chan E.C.S. and Krieg R., Microbiology, McGraw Hill (1998).
- 3. Stainer R.Y., Ingraham J.L., Wheelis M.L. and Pamler P.R., General Microbiology, MacMillan (2003).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Tortora G.J., Funke B.R., and Case C.L., Microbiology, An Introduction, Pearson Education (2009).
- 2. Madigan, M., Martinko, J., Dunlap, P. and Clark, D., Biology of Microorganisms, Pearson Education (2008).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### **PBT103: BIOCHEMISTRY**

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** Objective of studying biochemistry is to know how the collection of thousands inanimate molecules that constitute living organisms interact to maintain and perpetuate life governed solely by the physical and chemical laws as applicable to the nonliving things.

**Chemical Foundations of Living Systems:** Molecular basis of life, Biological chemistry – Biomolecules, Metabolism – Basic concepts and Design, Bioenergetics- Entropy, Biochemical equilibria, Dissociation and association constants, pH and buffers.

**Interactions in Biological Systems:** Intra and intermolecular forces, Electrostatic and hydrogen bonds, Disulfide bridges, Hydrophobic and hydrophilic molecules and forces, Water and weak interactions, Debye-Huckel Theory.

**Biomolecular Organization:** Configuration and Conformation of carbohydrates, proteins and nucleic acids, Conformational analysis, Structural simulations of biomolecules (Monte Carlo methods, Molecular dynamics methods).

**Biocatalysis:** The basis of metabolism, Nomenclature ofenzymes, Enzyme kinetics, Mechanism of enzymatic catalysis, Active site, Activators and inhibitors, Coenzymes, Isoenzymes, Michaelis-Menten equation, Km and Vmax value, Regulation of enzyme activity (single-substrate and multi-substrate reactions).

**Signal Transduction and Regulation:** Hormones and their classification, Hormone analogs, Agonists and antagonists, Endocrine, Receptors and hormones, Receptor classification and signaling pathways (metabotropic/ionotropic/steriod/peripheral and cellular receptors), Signal transduction and metabolism, Signaling in plants and their function.

**Metabolism of Carbohydrates**: Glycolysis, Gluconeogenesis, Pentose phosphate pathway, TCA cycle, Minor pathways of glucose metabolism, Electron transport system, Oxidative phosphorylation and bioenergetics, C3 and C4 photosynthesis.

**Lipid Metabolism:** Fatty acids, Phospholipids, Cholesterol and related steroids, Complex lipids, Oxidation of fatty acids, Biosynthesis of fatty acids and cholesterol.

**Protein and Nucleic Acid Metabolism:** Amino acids, Conformation and configuration of proteins and peptides, Catabolism of amino acids and amino-acid derived products, Nucleotides, Nucleic acid and protein metabolism.

**Self-Learning:** Integration of Metabolism, Inter-relationships between carbohydrate, protein, lipid and nucleic acid metabolism.

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Preparation of buffer solutions, Determination of pK values, Estimation of reducing sugars, total carbohydrates, amino acids and proteins, Quantitative analysis of lipids, Enzyme assays from microbes and eukaryotes, Basic strategies for enzyme purification, Enzyme kinetics, Estimation of total and available nitrogen, phosphorous and sulphur, Estimation of chlorophyll and other photosynthetic pigments.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Correlate the structure- function relationship of bio-macromolecule
- 2. apply the understanding of bio-macromolecule structure to simulate conformational changes
- 3. characterize properties of enzymes kinetics and their parameters

#### Text Books:

- 1. Metzler, D.E., Biochemistry The Chemical Reactions of Living Cells, Vol. I &II, Elsevier (2002).
- 2. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L., Stryer, L., Biochemistry, WH Freeman and Company (2006).
- 3. Nelson, D.L., Cox, M.M., Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, McMillan Publishers (2008).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Daune, M, Molecular Biophysics, Oxford University Press (1999).
- 2. Glaser, R, Biophysics, Springer (2004).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PBT104: CELL AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

L T P Cr

3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objectives**: To understand the structure and function of cell and cell membranes and macromolecular components of cells and their functions, general principles of gene organization and expression in prokaryotic and eukaryotic organisms, basic pathways and mechanisms in biological energy transduction and cell cycle control and relate properties of cancerous cells to mutational changes in gene function.

**Structural Organization and Function of Intracellular Organelles:** Cell structure, Cell wall, Mitochondria, Chloroplast, Nucleus and other organelles, Cytoskeleton and its role in motility.

**Membrane Structure and Function:** Structure and function of membranes, Dynamics of membrane components, Electrical properties of membranes, Transport of nutrients, ions and macromolecules across membranes, Mechanism of sorting and regulation of intracellular transport.

Cell Division and Cell Cycle: Cell Division, Cell cycle, Regulation of cell cycle.

**Cell Signaling and Cellular Communication:** Cell surface receptors, signaling molecules, Paracrine and autocrine signaling, Signal transduction pathways and their regulation, second messengers, Two-component signaling systems, Cell adhesion, Extracellular matrix, Integrins.

**Molecular Biology:** Introduction, Chromosomal structure and organization, Nucleic acids, DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, DNA damage and repair, Recombination, Transcription - Mechanisms of transcription of prokaryotes and eukaryotes, RNA processing, Ribosomes, Structure of mRNA, Genetic code, Protein synthesis, Regulation and fidelity of protein synthesis, Post-translational modifications, Regulation of gene expression in phages, viruses, prokaryotes and eukaryotes

**Self-Learning:** Transfer of genetic material in microorganisms - Molecular mechanisms, Regulatory sequences and transacting factors, Gene silencing, Oncogenes, Genetic and Metabolic disorders, Programmed cell death, Aging and senescence.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Subcellular fractionation and marker enzymes, Histochemical techniques, Isolation of genomic DNA and total RNA, Quantitation of nucleic acids, Agarose gel electrophoresis, Expression of inducible genes,  $\beta$ -galactosidase assay, mutagenesis, Isolation of auxotrophic mutants and their characterization.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply the basic concepts of cell and molecular biology in modern biology
- 2. correlate between genotypic and phenotypic attributes of an organism
- 3. perform genetic manipulations using types of cloning and expression vectors

#### Text Books:

- 1. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., and Walter, P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Science Publishing (2008).
- 2. Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J. and Haldin, J., The world of the Cell, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education (2008).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Glover, D.M. and Hames, B.D., DNA Cloning I & II, IRL Press Oxford University Press (1995).
- 2. Lewin, B., Genes VIII, International Edition, Pearson Education International (2004).
- 3. Primrose, S.B. and Twyman, R.M., Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, Blackwell Publishing (2006).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

## PBT109: BIO-TECHNIQUES AND INSTRUMENTATION

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** The course is aimed to acquaint the students with various techniques used in biological sciences and the emerging areas of biotechnology along with underlying principles. The course also aims to make students learn about modern instruments for various analytical works.

**Chromatography:** Principle, Distribution coefficient, selectivity factor, Theoretical plates, peak broadening and resolution, van Deemter equation, normal and reverse phase liquid chromatography, ion exchange, molecular exclusion, affinity chromatography, HPTLC, HPLC, GC.

**Electrophoretic Techniques:** General principle, effect of heat, electroendosmosis, Support media (agarose and polyacrylamide gels), agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA and RNA, southern and northern transfer, PFGE (brief introduction to CHEF), Native PAGE, SDS-PAGE, Urea PAGE, gradient gels, isoelectric focusing and 2D-PAGE, western transfer, capillary electrophoresis, SSCP, DGGE

**Centrifugation Techniques:** Principle of sedimentation, centrifugation, types of rotors, general applications of centrifugation, ultracentrifugation, analytical centrifugation, preparative centrifugation, precautions and safety aspects

**Spectrophotometric Techniques:** Electromagnetic waves and their interaction with matter, theory and applications of CD, UV-VIS, IR, Raman, Fluorescence, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, FRET, applications in biotechnology, Mass spectrophotometry (ionization methods, mass analyzers and detectors) and biotechnological applications, ESR, NMR spectroscopy (brief introduction to NOESY), X-ray crystallography

**Radioisotope Techniques:** Radioactivity and radioisotopes, rate of decay, units of radioactivity, specific activity, Detection and measurement of radioactivity Cerenkov counting and autoradiography

**Microscopy:** Magnification and resolution of microscopes, components of light microscope, Theory and principles of microscopy, light, dark field, fluorescence microscopy, TEM, SEM, AFM, confocal microscopy, microtomy, ultramicrotomy, freeze fracturing.

**Self-Learning:** Applications in biological sciences - Analytical, diagnostics and metabolic studies, Safety aspects of radioactive handling, alternatives to radio-labeling.

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Thin layer chromatography (preparative, analytical, reverse phase), Column chromatography, Gas chromatography, HPLC, UV-Vis spectroscopy, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, Microscopy, PAGE, SDS-PAGE, Agarose Gel electrophoresis.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply the concepts of bioanalytical techniques in biotechnology research
- 2. handle these bioanalytical techniques in industry
- 3. Operate and optimize the experimental conditions of different analytic techniques

## Text Books:

- 1. Wilson K and Walker J., Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Cambridge University Press (2005).
- 2. Harrison, R.G., Todd, P., Rudge, S.R. and Petrides, B.B. Bioseparations: Science and Engineering, Oxford University Press (2006).

## Reference Books:

- 1. McHale, J.L., Molecular Spectroscopy, Prentice Hall (1998).
- 2. Marimuthu, R., Microscopy and Microtechniques. MJP Publishers (2008).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PHU002: PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION

L T P Cr 3 1 0 3.5

**Course Objective:** To provide the students with the essential skills required for effective communication and to provide a comprehensive view of business communication and its role in the corporate environment.

**Essentials of Communication:** Meaning, Definition, process, feedback, emergence of communication as a key concept in the corporate and global world, impact of technological advancements on communication.

**Channels of Communication:** Formal and Informal: Vertical, horizontal, diagonal, and grapevine.

**Methods and Modes of Communication**: Verbal and nonverbal, Verbal Communication: Characteristics of verbal communication, Non-verbal Communication: Characteristics of non-verbal communication, kinesics, proxemics and chronemics.

**Barriers to Communication:** Physical, semantic, language, socio-cultural, psychological barriers, Ways to overcome these barriers.

**Listening:** Importance of listening skills, cultivating good listening skills.

**Written Communication**: Business letters, memos, minutes of meeting, notices, e-mails, agendas and circulars. **Technical Report Writing**: Types of Reports, contents of reports. Formatting, writing styles and documentation. **Presentations**: Principles of effective presentation, power-point presentation, video and satellite conferencing.

Interviews and Group Activities: Personal interviews, group discussion and panel discussion

**Creative writing:** Paragraph and Essay writing, Book reviews, Movie Reviews, Editorials and articles.

**Self-Learning:** Paper writing: Styles of paper writing: Short Communication, Review papers and Research papers, referencing styles: MLA, Chicago Style and APA.

## **Course Learning Outcome (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. understand and demonstrate the use proper writing techniques relevant to the present day technological demands, including anticipating audience reaction.
- 2. write effective and concise letters and memos, prepare informal and formal reports, proofread and edit copies of business correspondence.
- 3. develop interpersonal skills that contribute to effective personal, social and professional relationships.

### Text Books:

- 1. Lehman C. M., DuFrene D.D., & Walker. B-BCOM-An Innovative Approach to Learning and Teaching Business Communication. Cengage Learning New Delhi
- 2. McMurrey A.M& Buckley J., Handbook for Technical Writing. Cengage Learning, New Delhi.

#### Reference Books:

1. Lesikar R.V & Flately M.E., Basic Business Communication-Skills for Empowering the Internet Generation. Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited. New Delhi.

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	30
2	EST	45
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	25

#### PBT207: BIOSTATISTICS AND COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** This course will encompass the methodology and theory of statistics as applied to problems in the field of life sciences. The course will provide students with basic understanding and application of computational biology.

**Introduction:** Biology and statistics, Variables and data, Sampling and sampling errors in biological data, Sampling techniques, Probability and distribution.

Regression and Correlation Analysis: Simple, linear and multiple regression, Simple and multiple correlation.

**Hypothesis Testing:** Test of hypotheses, one and two sample analysis, Paired sample analysis, Non-parametric statistics and limitations. Confidence limits and tests of confidence, Single, Two and Multifactorial analysis, Non-parametric Analysis of Variance, Multiple comparison tests – Tukey, Newman-Keul, Scheffe tests, Goodness of fit test.

**Design of Experiments and Data Presentation:** Response Surface Methods, Cantor Plots, Survivalship curves, Graph plotting and significance of Curves, Data representation

**Programming Languages**: Problem solving Technique: Algorithm, Flowchart, Compiling, Testing and Debugging, Documentation – Data structures – Array, Stack, Queue, Linked, List concepts

**Algorithm:** Principles, types, development and its complexity, Complexity of algorithms –NP complete problem- Polynomial-Reducibility-sorting problem and Fibonacci Problem; Algorithm types: Linear, Exhaustive search, Expectation Maximization (EM) with forward and backward algorithms

**Dynamic Programming Methods of Sequence Analysis**: Principles and its uses. Hidden Markov models in sequence analysis. Introduction of Markov Chain and Hidden Markov models. Forward-backward algorithm, Viterbi and Baum-Welch algorithms, Heuristics second generation alignment tool (Blast, FASTA, ClustalW), Monte Carlo method, Molecular dynamics

**Molecular Computational Biology:** DNA binding motif finding by sequence alignment, Gibbs sampling approaches, Bayesian network approach to study the gene expression network

#### **Laboratory Work:**

MS Excel and Graphpad Prism software, Data entry and graphical representation, Equation formulation and analysis for sample testing, correlation and regression, ANOVA, Multiple comparisons, Survivalship tests, Multiple sequence alignment, DNA binding motif finding by sequence alignment

## **Course Learning Outcome (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. organize, summarize and display quantitative data and design to address public health and clinical problems,
- 2. calculate summary estimates, measures of variability and confidence intervals
- 3. manipulate probabilities and the Normal and Binomial distributions.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Waterman M.S., Introduction to Computational Biology: Maps, Sequences and Genomes. Waterman. Chapman and Hall/CRC Press (1995) ISBN -10: 0412993910
- 2. Gottfried, B.S., Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill (1996). ISBN 100070240353

## Reference Books:

1. DeGroot M.H,. and SchervishM.J., Probability and Statistics, Addison-Wesley, (2002).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PBT302: BIOINFORMATICS

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to provide students with basic understanding and applications of bioinformatics. The course will provide the basic concepts behind the sequence and structural alignment, database searching, protein structure prediction and computer-based drug designing.

**Introduction**: Goals, applications and limitations of Bioinformatics, Biological sequence and molecule file formats, DNA and protein sequence databases, Structure databases

**Pairwise Sequence Alignment and Database Searching:** Evolutionary Basis of sequence alignment, Homologous sequence, Global alignment and local alignment, Gap penalties, Dot matrix method, Scoring matrices Dynamic programming methods: Needleman-Wunsch and Smith-Waterman algorithm, Database similarity search, Heuristic methods: FASTA BLAST

Multiple Sequence Alignment and Phylogenetics: Scoring multiple sequence alignments, Progressive alignment method, Iterative alignment method, Block-based alignment, Molecular evolution and phylogenetics, Phylogenetic trees, Molecular clock theory, Maximum Parsimony, Distance based methods: UPGMA, Maximum likelihood method, Bayesian statistical analysis

**Structural Bionformatics:** Ramachandran plot, protein secondary structure prediction, Chou-Fasman and GOR method, Neural networks, Protein three dimensional structure prediction: Homology modeling and protein Threading, Molecular visualization, Computer aided drug design, Docking and QSAR

**Self-Learning:** Machine Learning and Bio-programming, Development of Algorithms, Hidden Markov Models, Artificial Neural Networks, Perl introduction

## **Laboratory Work:**

DNA and protein sequence and PDB file formats, Local and global sequence alignment of protein and DNA sequences, Needleman Wunsch and Smith-Waterman algorithm, BLAST, Multiple sequence alignment and Sequence logo, Phylogenetic tree construction, Secondary structure prediction, Visualization and editing of three dimensional structure, Homology modeling, Active site prediction, Docking, Perl.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply key concepts of different bioinformatics tools
- 2. analyse sequence and structure bio-macromolecule data
- 3. apply the knowledge of bioinformatics in the biotechnology research and industry

## Text Books:

- 1. Xiong J, Essential Bioinformatics, Cambridge University Press (2006).
- 2. Mount D W, Bioinformatics Sequence and Genome Analysis, Cold Spring Harbour Laboratory Press (2001).
- 3. Ghosh Z, and Mallick B, Bioinformatics Principles and Applications, Oxford University Press (2008).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Dwyer, R.A., Genomic Perl: From Bioinformatics Basics to Working Code, Cambridge University Press (2004).
- 2. Higgins, D. and Taylor, W., Bioinformatics: Sequence, Structure and Databanks A Practical Approach, Oxford University Press (2000).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PBT209: FOOD PROCESSING

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to provide knowledge on various processing technologies of food and food products, preservation, long term storage and food safety aspects.

**Introduction:** Overview of food science, food technology and food engineering, food process sector and consumer trends in processed foods, constituents of foods their properties and nutritive aspects, functional foods.

**Food Processing:** General characteristics of raw food material, processing factors affecting quality, Radiation and thermal preservation and processing of food products, Hurdle technology, Enzymes in food processing, Emerging technologies in food processing, Food dehydration technology, common unit operations, Food process management and control, principles of food preservation.

**Non-thermal Processing:** Advantages/disadvantages of thermal technologies, Nutritional and consumer considerations, advanced non-thermal operations, Operational criteria and applications.

**Food Handling, Storage and Packaging:** Hygienic handling of food for developing safe and appealing products, preparation and storage of food, food refrigeration and cold storage, Food packaging technology, Types of containers, food packaging materials and forms, vacuum, gas and shrink packaging, package testing materials, performance evaluation and design of packaging systems for plant and animal's products, labelling guidelines.

**Quality Factors in Foods:** Appearance, texture, flavour, food additives, quality standards, good manufacturing practices and sanitation procedures

**Food Safety, Risks and Hazards:** Food related hazards, microbiological considerations in food safety, effect of processing and storage on microbial safety, HACCP-a method to prevent food borne illness, chemical hazards associated with foods.

**Self-Learning:** Characteristics of food/agro industry wastes, Current treatment options— Overview, Feasibility of reuse and conversion processes for value added products.

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Microbial and other quality tests of fluid milk/meat/fish, Preparation of casein and fermented milk; Dehydration of fruits and vegetables, Preparation of tomato products, Determination of thermal process time, Use of hurdle concept for preservation of foods, Qualitative analysis of processed food samples, Microbiology of raw produce and processed foods.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. acquire an understanding of relevance of food components,
- 2. acquire an understanding application and detection techniques in food.
- 3. apply regulatory techniques in real time scenarios
- 4. acquire an understanding in industrial operations in food, role of microbes

#### Text Books:

- 1. Fellows, P.J., Food Processing Technology: Principles and Practice, Woodhead Publishers Ltd. (2005).
- 2. Mariott, N.G., Principles of Food sanitation. Kindle Publication (2005).

## Reference Books:

1. Jay, J.M., Modern Food Microbiology, Kindle Publication (2006).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT204: GENETIC AND METABOLIC ENGINEERING

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to make students learn about basic techniques of recombinant DNA technology such as molecular cloning, gene manipulation and producing GMOs. This will also make students learn about fundamentals and applications of metabolic engineering.

**DNA Modifying Enzymes:** DNA modifying enzymes (Restriction enzymes, methylases, nucleases, RNA polymerases, DNA polymerases, PNK, alkaline phosphatases, DNA ligases), linkers and adapters

**Molecular Cloning**: essential and desired properties of cloning vectors, based on plasmids, phages, phagmids and phasmids, YACs, BAC, PAC, Restriction mapping of DNA fragments, Expression vectors, examples of prokaryotic and eukaryotic expression vectors, added features for aiding purification of recombinant protein, prokaryotic (T7 expression system in *E. coli*) and eukaryotic expression systems (*Pischia pastoris*, Baculovirus and mammalian cells).

Genomic and cDNA Libraries: Molecular techniques for cloning for library construction, screening libraries, subrative hybridization for tissue specific cDNA libraries, PCR and Real time PCR and their applications.

**Applications of Genetic Engineering**: Studying regulation of gene expression by reporter gene assays studies, DNA sequencing, Site-directed mutagenesis, hybridization based detection (Southern blot, northern blot analysis), DNA protein intraction studies (EMSA, DNase I footprinting, South western blot assay), protein-protein interaction studies (phage display, yeast two hybrid analyses), Antisense RNA technology, RNA interference, DNA Microarray technology

**Metabolic Engineering:** Principle of engineering metabolic pathways, Directed production of small molecules in microorganisms, Production of novel compounds and diverse chemical structures, Case studies on re-routing of metabolic pathways in microbes, plants and animals.

**Self-Learning: Applications of Gene Technology:** Therapeutic proteins, Recombinant vaccines, Monoclonal antibodies, Gene therapy and tools of molecular diagnostics

## **Laboratory Work:**

Competent cells preparation, Bacterial transformation, Isolation of plasmid/bacteriophage DNA, Restriction analysis of DNA, Cloning in plasmid vectors, PCR amplification, applications of PCR, Gene expression in bacterial system, Reporter gene assay.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. perform genetic manipulations using types of cloning and expression vectors
- 2. construct the genomic and gene libraries
- 3. perform site directed mutagenesis

#### Text Books:

- 1. Primrose, S.B. and Twyman, R.M., Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, Blackwell Publishing (2006).
- 2. Lewin, B., Genes VIII, International Edition, Pearson Education (2003).
- 3. Alberts, B., Johnson, A., Lewis J., Raff, M., Roberts, K., and Walter, P., Molecular Biology of the Cell, Garland Science Publishing (2007).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Balasubramanian, D., Bryce, C.F.A., Dharmalingam, K., Green, J., and Jayaraman, K., Concepts in Biotechnology, Universities Press (2007).
- 2. Satyanarayana, U., Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd. (2005).
- 3. Fritsch, J. and Maniatis, E.F., Molecular Cloning, A laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1989).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT210: IMMUNOLOGY AND IMMUNOTHERAPY

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to provide students with detail understanding of different cells of the immune system and their role in immune protection and application of immunological techniques. The course will provide knowledge about role of immune system in pathogenesis of infectious diseases, cancer, autoimmune disease, AIDS.

**Basic Concept and Cells of the Immune System**: Hematopoietic Stem Cells, Lymphocytes, Granulocytes and Monocytes, Cell participation in Innate and Adaptive Immunity, Antigen and Antibody, Antigen Presentation and processing, MHC

**Cell Activation and Cell Mediated Immune Response**: T and B cell maturation, activation and differentiation, T and B cell tolerance, Cytokines and its role in immune response, Cell mediated Cytotoxic Response: Cytotoxic T cell, NK cell and Antibody dependent cell mediated cytotoxicity, inflammatory response

**Immunological Techniques:** Cross reactivity, Precipitation and Agglutination reaction, Coomb's test, Immuno-electrophoresis, RIA, ELISA, ELISPOT assay, Western blotting, Immunofluorescence and Flow cytometry, Immunomagnetic and Immunodensity method of Cell isolation, Lymphocytes cell proliferation assay, Immunological database and immunoinformatics tool

**Autoimmunity, Hypersensitivity and Immunodeficiency**: Tolerance and Autoimmunity, Types and mechanism of autoimmune diseases, Hypersensitive reactions, Different types of Hypersensitive reactions, Primary and Secondary Immunodeficiency, AIDS

Immune Response to Infectious Disease, Cancer and Transplantation: Immune Response to viral, bacterial and other infections, Tumor immunity and Tumor antigens, Transplantation types, Immunological basis of graft rejection

**Vaccine**: Live and Killed Vaccines, Sub unit vaccines, Recombinant Vaccines, DNA vaccines, Peptide vaccines, Plant-based vaccines, Reverse vaccinology, Vaccines against infectious diseases,

**Self-Learning:** Immunotherapy, Immunosuppressive therapy, Immunostimulation, Cytokines therapy, Immunotherapy for infectious diseases, allergies, autoimmune diseases and cancer

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Blood film preparation and identification of cells, Immuno-diffusion, Hemagglutination, Agglutinaton inhibition, Rocket immunoelectrophoresis, Western blotting, ELISA, Epitope prediction using Immunoinformatics tool, Isolation of Peripheral blood mononuclear cells

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to

- 1. explain role of immune cells and their mechanism in preventing the body from foreign attack and infectious disease, cancer and other disease development.
- 2. apply the knowledge of immune associated mechanisms in medical biotechnology research.
- 3. design experiment to see effect of drug molecule on immune response
- 4. carry out immunological techniques in industry.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Janeway C. A. Travers P., Walport M., Immuno biology: the immune system in health and disease, Garland Science Publishing New York (2012).
- 2. Owen J. A., Punt J., Strandfold S.A, Jones P.P., Kuby- Immunology W.H. Freeman & Company (2013).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Roitt I., Brostoff J., Male D., Immunology, Mosby Elsevier (2004).
- 2. Khan F.H. The Elements of Immunology, Pearson Education (2009)

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PBT206: MICROBIAL TECHNOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4

**Course Objective** The course will impart a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of technological processes involved in biotechnological industries exemplifying a wide range of manufacturing and production of commercially important Bio products.

**Microbial Systems:** Introduction to microbial activities in nature (soil, water, industry, food and environment), Importance and industrial applications.

**Beneficial Soil Microbes**: The soil-plant-microorganism system, Rhizosphere and phyllosphere microorganisms, Rhizosphere engineering, Microbial interactions; Symbiotic and non-symbiotic nitrogen

fixation; Microbes involved in improving soil fertility (biofertilizers) and pest control (biopesticides).

**Biogeochemical Cycling:** Microbial transformations, Nitrogen (ammonification, nitrification, denitrification), Phosphorus, Sulphur and Iron cycling, Organic matter Degradation, Microbes as activator's in rapid decomposition, Humus formation and its benefits.

**Biotransformation**: Industrially important primary and secondary metabolites and their production (alcohol, organic acids, amino acids, antibiotics), Microbiology of production of wine, beer, vinegar and distilled beverages, Non-ribosomal peptides and polyketides, Utilization of microbial biomass as food/feed, Fuel, Chemicals.

**Microbial Food Products**: Microbes in fermented dairy products, Mushroom cultivation, biopreservatives: Nisin, cheese, biopolymers: xanthan gum, PHB, SCP

Microbes and Alternative Sources of Energy: Biofuels, Biogas production and its advantages, Production of bioethanol.

**Self-Learning: Innovative Microbial Approaches in Remediation:** Bioleaching concepts and application, Soils, sediments and aquatic systems contaminated with metals, pesticides and PAHs.

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Isolation and enumeration of free living and symbiotic nitrogen fixers, Phosphate solubilizers and plant growth promoting bacteria, Organic matter decomposition, Estimation of soil pH, EC, organic carbon, N, P, K, Who and soil texture, Preservation of cultures, Microbiological assays of vitamins and hormones, Ethanol production from sugars and molasses, Fermentative production of enzymes, aminoacids and organic acids.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

1. Acquire a complete understanding of production of bioproducts and relevant methods important for future industrial application.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Microbial Biotechnology, Alexander N.Glazer, Hiroshai Nikaido.
- 2. Stanbury P.F., Whitaker A. and Hall S.J, Principles of Fermentation Technology, Aditya Books Pub., Ltd., New Delhi (1997).
- 3. Casida L.E, Industrial Microbiology, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi (1991).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Crueger W and Crueger A, Biotechnology: A Textbook of Industrial Microbiology, Panima Publishing Corporation, New Delhi (2000).
- 2. Patel A.H., Industrial Microbiology, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi (2004).
- 3. Peppler H.J and Perlman D, Microbial Technology, Vol I and II, Academic Press, New York (2006).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PHU301 ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND IPR

L T P Cr 3 1 0 3.5

Course Objectives: Students will be able to demonstrate and develop awareness of personal as well as external resources with a view to successfully launching and subsequently managing their enterprises. They will be able to develop skills in operations, finance, marketing and human resource management and be aware of rights resulting from intellectual property rights, infringement of intellectual property rights (with particular emphasis on patent infringement and plagiarism) and free use of intellectual property rights

**Entrepreneurship:** Entrepreneurship and principles of entrepreneurial development, Qualities of an entrepreneur, Functions and types of entrepreneur.

**Project Management**: Formulation, Identification and selection based on size, Technological assessment, Project cost and market potential and marketing concepts.

**Project Appraisals**: Technical reports and feasibility reports with commercial viability, Break-even analysis, Depreciation, Sources of funding.

**Financing:** Sources of finance, Initial capital, Capital structure, Venture capital and Institutional finance.

**Economics**: Demand-supply-pricing, Business ethics, Industrial laws, Women entrepreneurs – Role, problems and development.

**Industrial Sickness**: Symptoms, control and rehabilitation of sick units.

**Introduction to Intellectual Property**: Intellectual property and IPR, patent, copyrights, geographical indications, trademarks, trade secret, Industrial designs, Patent law, Legislations covering IPR's in India, product planning and development, filing patent, provisional and complete specification, patentable and non-patentable items, Valuation & business concerns.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. understand their personal characteristics and interests to that of the "successful" entrepreneur, identification and assess sources of support for small businesses and entrepreneurs.
- 2. evaluate methods of entering an entrepreneurship venture including but not limited to starting a new venture, buying an existing business, or becoming a franchisee.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Desai, V., Dynamics of Entrepreneurial Development and Management, Himalaya Publishing House (2007).
- 2. Singh, I. and Kaur, B., Patent law and Entrepreneurship, Kalyani Publishers (2006).

## Reference Books:

1. Sateesh, M.K., Bioethics and Biosafety, IK International (2008).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	30
2	EST	45
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	25

#### PBT202: BIOPROCESS TECHNOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** To acquire knowledge on reaction engineering systems with emphasis on bioreactor design and operation and analysis of kinetics in biochemical engineering reactions along with separation and purification of desired products.

**Introduction and Basic Concepts**: Units and dimensions, Relation between Bioprocess engineering and Biotechnology, Bioprocess Development, advantages over chemical process, types of reactors, Material and Energy balance.

**Sterilization Concepts:** Sterilization principles and practices, Media sterilization, thermal-death batch and continuous sterilization systems, Sterilization of air fibrous filters, Design of continuous sterilization.

**Cell Growth and Enzyme Kinetics:** Cell number and Cell mass calculations, Media design for growth, Continuous and batch fermentation, Microbial growth kinetics, Kinetic models for cell growth, Substrate and product inhibited growth models, Factors affecting microbial growth, Cell and enzyme immobilization, Enzyme kinetics, Submerged and solid state fermentation.

**Bioreactor Studies:** Study of Batch, CSTR (Continuous stirred tank fermenter) and Plug flow reactor (PFR), Calculations for steady state substrate, Product concentration, External and internal feedback system, Airlift bioreactors.

**Aeration and Agitation:** Aeration and agitation systems for bioreactors and their design, Functions of mixing, Mixing Equipment, Vessel Geometry, Flow patterns in stirred tanks, Mass transfer in microbial system, Gas liquid mass transfer, Microbial heat generation.

**Downstream Processing**: Product isolation and recovery, Disruption of microbial cells, Filtrations, Reverse osmosis

**Self-Learning:** Spray drying methods, Quality control and bioprocess Economics-Scale-up considerations of bioprocesses, Freeze drying.

## **Laboratory Work:**

To study different types of bioreactors, Fermenter sterilization, Medium preparation, sterilization and checking sterility by thermal death kinetics, Surface culture fermentation to study the production of lactic acid using sucrose and lactose as the raw material, Production of citric acid, Growth kinetics for some industrially useful organism, Immobilization of cell, Estimate the mass transfer coefficient in a fermenter, Study solid state fermentation.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply the concepts of basic chemical engineering principles in a bioprocess
- 2. produce bio-products on an industrial scale using fermentors
- 3. operate and optimize process parameters in a fermenter for producing industrial products.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Shuler M.L. and Kargi F., Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts, Prentice-Hall (2001).
- 2. Stanbury, P.F., Principles of Fermentation Technology, Book News, Inc. (1992).
- 3. Vogel H. C. and Haber C. C., Fermentation and Biochemical Engineering Handbook, Noyes Publications (2001).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Bailey, J.E. and Ollis, D.F., Biochemical Engineering Fundamentals, McGraw-Hill (1986).
- 2. Wang D.C. and Humphrey, L, Fermentation and Enzyme Technology, John Wiley (1989).
- 3. Doran P M, Bioprocess Engineering Principles, Academic Press (1995).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### PBT304: PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objectives:** To acquire knowledge of steps of new drug discovery, development and approval process and drug manufacturing and its quality control in pharmaceutical industry.

**Discovery and Development of Drugs:** Introduction to drug discovery, finding a lead compound, rational drug design, computer aided drug design, combinatorial chemistry, new drug development and approval process, clinical trial design.

**Drug Pharmacokinetics:** Routes of drug administration, membrane transport, absorption, distribution, metabolism and excretion of drugs.

**Drug Pharmacodynamics:** Pharmacological classification of drugs, mechanism of drug action on human beings, receptor pharmacology, factors modifying drug action, pharmacogenomics, adverse effects of drugs and drug toxicology.

**Natural Products:** Natural products from animal, plant and microbial origin having pharmaceutical importance. Principles of pharmacognosy, Composition, physical and chemical properties, occurrence and uses of carbohydrates and glycosides, proteins, peptides and amino acids, sterols, saponins, alkaloids, phenols, volatile oils.

**Pharmaceutical Manufacturing:** Drug formulation and their classification- oral solid dosage forms, coating of pharmaceutical dosage forms, parenteral preparations, novel drug delivery systems-carrier systems and liposomes for drug targeting, good laboratory and good manufacturing practices-issues, packing techniques.

**Pharmaceutical Testing, Analysis and Control**: Analysis of pharmaceuticals using physical, chemical and biological methods, quality assurance and control, stability of pharmaceutical products, Quality control and testing as per Indian/US Pharmacopoeia.

**Self-Learning: Biotechnology and Drugs** – Recombinant drugs, biotechnology derived therapeutics-approved and in developmental stage.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Quality assurance of antibiotic/non-antibiotic formulations using titrimetric, spectrophotometric, chromatographic and biological methods as per Indian/US Pharmacopoeia, sterility testing of pharmaceutical products (intra-venous injections, antibiotics and vitamins), assays for screening antimicrobial/antifungal agents from plants and other natural sources.

#### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. apply the concepts of biopharmaceuticals in pharmaceutical industry
- 2. apply the knowledge of pharmaceutical manufacturing in the production of biopharmaceuticals
- 3. develop the strategies of new drug discovery

#### Text Books:

- 1. Beringer, P., DerMarderosian, A., Felton, L., et al., Remington-The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins (2005).
- 2. Tripathi, K.D., Essentials of Medical Pharmacology, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (2004).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Klefenz, H., Industrial Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Wiley –VCH Verlag GmbH., (2002).
- 2. Walsh, G., Biopharmaceuticals-Biochemistry and Biotechnology, John-Wiley (2003).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT305: PLANT BIOTECHNOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The course will enable the students to acquire knowledge about various techniques like micropropagation, single cell culture, suspension culture, protoplast culture, hairy root culture and various techniques of recombinant DNA technology to produce genetically modified organisms with novel characters.

**Introduction, Aim and Scope of Plant Biotechnology:** Major challenges and prospects of traditional and modern plant biotechnology, Important milestones of plant biotechnology

**Plant Tissue Culture**—its history, development and applications, Plant tissue culture media, Types of cultures, Callus cultures, Cell and suspension cultures, Single cell clones, Protoplast culture and somatic hybridization.

**Micropropagation:** Techniques and various steps involved in micropropagation, Production of disease free plants, Commercial aspects and limitations of micropropagation.

**Production of Haploid Plants**: Androgenesis and Gynogenesis, Significance and uses of haploids. Embryo culture and embryo rescue and its applications in plant improvement.

Strategies for Producing Novel Plants: Manipulation of Phenotypic Traits: Strategies of molecular cloning of plant genes, direct and indirect gene transfer methods, rDNA approaches for introducing herbicide tolerance, pest resistance, plant disease resistance, Abiotic & biotic stress tolerance, various strategies for the improvement of crop yield and quality, Applications of plant transformations/ transgenics, Commercial transgenic crops. Molecular farming of commercially/pharmaceutically important products.

**Secondary Metabolite Extraction:** Primary vs secondary metabolites, Role of plant tissue culture in secondary metabolite production, Hairy root culture, Immobilized cell system, Elicitation and Biotransformation.

**Somaclonal Variations:** Isolation of somaclonal variants, Applications and limitations of somaclonal variations, Gametoclonal variations. Germplasm conservation and Cryopreservation

**Self-Learning:** Transgenics-Issues and Concerns, Biosafety, Societal and ethical concerns on genetically modified foods and crops.

#### **Laboratory Work:**

Plant tissue culture media, Explant preparation, Callus induction and differentiation, microscopic study of callus, Meristem culture for virus free plants, Rooting of plantlets and accilimatization, Protoplast isolation, Preparation of artificial seeds, Isolation and purification of plant DNA and RNA, Quantification of DNA, restriction analyses, *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation of plants, Electroporation techniques.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. undertake propagation of plant in culture and plan commercial production of plants through micropropagation
- 2. certify tissue culture raised plants
- 3. undertake trade specific modification through plant genetic manipulation and somatic hybridization
- 4. develop various gene constructs and their expression in plants

#### Text Books:

- 1. Slater, A., Scott, N.W., and Fowler, M.R., Plant Biotechnology, Oxford University Press (2008).
- 2. Primrose, S.B. and Twyman, R.M., Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th Edition, Blackwell Publishing (2006).
- 3. Balasubramanian, D., Bryce, C.F.A., Dharmalingam, K., Green, J., and Jayaraman, K., Concepts in Biotechnology, Universities Press (1999).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Satyanarayana, U., Yeast Biotechnology: Diversity and Applications, Springer (2009).
- 2. Razdan, M.K., Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture, Science Publishers (2003).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT306: ANIMAL AND STEM CELL TECHNOLOGY

L T P Cr 3 1 2 4.5

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to introduce students to develop basic aseptic skills for vertebrate cell culture and the maintenance of cell lines and *in vitro* application of cell and molecular techniques.

**Introduction to Animal Tissue Culture:** Background, Advantages, Limitations, Application, Culture environment, Cell adhesion, Cell proliferation, Differentiation.

**Layout and Equipments:** Layout, Essential equipment's, Aseptic technique, Objectives, Elements, Sterile handling, Safety, Risk assessment, General safety, Fire, Radiation, Biohazards.

**Media:** Role of Physicochemical properties, Introduction to the balanced salt solutions and simple growth medium, Complete Media, Role of serum and supplements. Serum free media, Advantages, disadvantages and their applications.

**Primary Culture and Culture of Specific Cell Types:** Isolation of tissue, Steps involved in primary cell culture, Subculture and propagation, Cell lines, Nomenclature, Cell line designations, Routine maintenance, Immortalization of cell lines, Cell transformation. Cell cloning and Cell separation, Cell synchronization. Epithelial, Mesenchymal, Tumor cell culture. Measurement of viability and cytotoxicity

Characterization, Contamination and Cryopreservation of Cell Line: Morphology, Chromosome Analysis, DNA Content, RNA and Protein, Enzyme Activity, Antigenic Markers, Tumorigenicity, Cell counting, Plating Efficiency, Labeling Index, Generation Time, Source of contamination, Type of microbial contamination, Monitoring, Eradication of contamination, Cell banks, Transporting cells.

**Transgenic Animals and Animal Cloning:** Methodology, Embryonic stem cell method, Microinjection method, Retroviral method, Applications of transgenic animals, Fertilization and Cloning, Conventional methods for animal improvement, Embryo biotechniques, Transfection techniques, Micro manipulation and cloning, Somatic cell cloning, Embryo sexing Artificial insemination, Creation of Dolly, Polly, Hand guided cloning

**Nucleic Acid Based Therapeutic Agents & Gene Therapy:** siRNA, Aptamers, antisense oligodeoxynucleotides (AS-ODN), Ribozymes, Peptide Nucleic Acids, Gene therapy: *Ex-vivo* gene therapy, *In-vivo* gene therapy, Use of Retro and adenovirus as vectors for gene therapy, Gene therapy used for treatment of Cystic Fibrosis, SCID.

**Stem Cell Biology**: Introduction to stem cells, Basic concepts, properties and molecular basis of totipotency, Pluripotency, Multipotency, Adult stem cells, Fetal Stem Cells, Niches of stem cells, Blastocyst and inner cell mass cells; Organogenesis; Embryonic stem cells, Hematopoietic stem cells, Clinical use of HSC, stem cell transplantation, Embryonic origin of MSC's, Harvesting, Isolation and Characterization, Differentiation studies of MSC's

**Self-Learning:** Stem Cells and Cloning: Therapeutic and reproductive cloning, Nuclear Transfer method, Application of NT ES cells, Safety of NT ES cells. Applications of stem cells in medicine and different disease models, Biosafety and Stem cell research, Regulatory considerations and FDA requirements for stem cell therapy.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Laboratory Design & Instrumentation in ATC, Quality Assurance in Animal tissue culture facility, Preparation of animal cell culture media, Isolation and Culturing Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes, Viability assay, Cryopreservation technique, Sub-culturing and maintenance of Cell line, In vitro anticancer assay (MTT Assay), Genomic DNA Isolation from Blood and Tissue.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. explain the fundamental scientific principles that underlie cell culture.
- 2. exhibit appropriate safety procedures in the cell culture laboratory including personal protective equipment, aseptic technique.
- 3. apply the concept of stem cell technology in biomedical research

#### Text Books:

- 1. R. Ian Freshney Culture of Animal Cells: A Manual of Basic Technique (2000).
- 2. Ranga, M.M., Animal Biotechnology, Agrobios (2007).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Masters, J. R.W., Animal Cell Culture, Oxford (2000).
- 2. Marshak L, Stem Cell Biology, Cold Spring Harbor Publication, (2001).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	35
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	40

#### **ELECTIVE-I**

#### PBT311: GENOMICS, METAGENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The objective of this course is to teach genomes, metagenomes and proteomes their characteristics and sequencing to the students and their applications in comparative genomics and transcriptomics.

The Organization and Structure of Genomes: Prokaryotic genomes, Prokaryotic gene structure, Open reading frames, Conceptual translation, Termination sequences, GC content in prokaryotic genomes, Prokaryotic gene density, Eukaryotic genomes, Eukaryotic gene structure and open reading frames, GC content in Eukaryotes.

Genome Mapping and Sequencing: Sequence tags, RFLP, SNP, Padlock probes, Radiation hybrid mapping, HAPPY mapping, Sequencing Genomes-High throughput sequencing, clone-by-clone approach, Whole genome shot gun approach, quality of genome sequence, human genome sequencing project.

**Comparative Genomics**: Comparative genomics of bacteria, Comparative genomics of organelles, Comparative genomics of eukaryotes, Large scale mutagenesis and interference.

**Analysis of Transcriptomes**: Introduction, DNA microarray technology, Functional genomics, ESTs and SAGE, Allele mining and SNPs, Applications of genomics.

**Metagenomics**: Introduction to sequence based and function based metagenomics, filtering and quality assessment of high throughput sequence data, Clustering of high throughput sequence data, Taxonomic and genetic annotation of high throughput sequence data, Diversity analyses, Analyses of community composition and change, Metabolic reconstruction analyses, metatranscriptome and metaproteome analyses

**Proteomics**: Introduction to proteomics, Proteomics Technologies - Protein Arrays, Protein Chips and their applications, 2D Gel Electrophoresis and its application, Mass Spectrometry and Protein identification, Shotgun proteomics

**Self-Learning:** Role of Bioinformatics in Proteomics, Proteomics Databases, Protein-Protein Interactions - Concepts and Databases, Proteomics Analysis Tools at ExPaSy, Applications of Proteomics in Life Sciences.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Comparison of genomes, comparison of introns in higher eukaryotes, CpG islands, SNPs, RAPD, ESTs & STS, Proteomics tools, Structural and functional predictions, Phylogenetic construction

#### **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Know about various aspects of genomes of different types of organisms.
- 2. Know strategies and challenges of genome sequencing, comparative genomics, transcriptomics using microarray technology.
- 3. Know about metagenomics, and different methodologies used in proteomics as well as structural proteomics.

### Text Books:

- 1. Primrose, S.B. and Twyman, R.M., Principles of gene manipulation and genomics. Blackwell Publishing (2006).
- 2. Akay, M. Genomics and Proteomics Engineering in Medicine and Biology, John Wiley (2007).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Pennington, S.R. and Dunn, M. J., Proteomics: from protein sequence to function. Viva Books (2001).
- 2. Mount, D.W., Bioinformatics: Sequence and Genome Analysis, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (2001).
- 3. Metagenomics Sequencing from the environment, NCBI (2006)

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT312: MOLECULAR FARMING

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objective:** The students will learn about molecular farming an emerging branch of plant biotechnology and wide range of products for molecular farming such as carbohydrates, fats, proteins, secondary products and commercially important molecules using plant systems as 'bioreactors'.

**Introduction:** Definition and common perception of molecular farming; Transgenic plants as bioreactors-an attractive alternative to current forms of manufacture of various compounds, Relevance & advantages of plant-based molecular farming.

Strategic Details of Various Molecular Farming: Major targets for carbohydrate and lipid molecular farming; Introduction to the crucial metabolic pathways and the involved gene functions in plants & other suitable organisms; Various molecular approaches & strategies relevant to molecular farming; Production of carbohydrates: increased starch amount, amylose-free starch, high-amylose starch, cyclodextrins, fructans, trehalose; Production of lipids: medium-chain, saturated & mono-unsaturated fatty acids, improvement of plant oils, Production of rare fatty acids, polyunsaturated fatty acids having pharmaceutical and nutraceutical values, Critical evaluation on various case studies of molecular farming & their future prospects; Economic and regulatory considerations for molecular farming.

**Production of Biodegradable Plastics in Plants**: Various gene functions involved in the production of polyhydroxy butyrate (PHBs) & polyhydroxyalkanoate co-polymers; Strategies for production of biodegradable plastics in plants.

**Self-Learning:** Genetically engineered plants as protein factories, Enzymes for industrial and agricultural uses, medically related proteins-antibodies (plantibodies), subunit vaccines, protein antibiotics; The oleosin system: hirudin and insulin production, production of biopharmaceuticals in plants; Chloroplast: a clean high-level expression system for molecular farming based on single or multiple transgenes.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Isolation & characterization of genomic & cDNA clones relevant to molecular farming, making genetic constructs, Transient expression studies in plants, Genetic transformation of plants, Gene expression studies, studying molecular techniques/protocols related to various case studies: production of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, antibodies, edible vaccines.

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. develop strategies for modification of plants for production of important molecules
- 2. take decision to select the expression system in plants for various proteins and enzymes
- 3. biotransform the existing bio-molecules

#### Text Books:

- 1. Slater, A., Scott, N.W., and Fowler, M.R., Plant Biotechnology, Second Edition, Oxford University Press (2008).
- 2. Primrose, S.B. and Twyman, R.M., Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, Blackwell Publishing (2006).

#### Reference Books:

- 1. Satyanarayana, U., Biotechnology, Books and Allied (P) Ltd. (2005).
- 2. Barnum, S.R., Biotechnology-an Introduction, Thompson Brooks/Cole (2007).
- 3. Primrose, S.B., Molecular Biotechnology, Second Edition, Panima Publishing Corporation (2001).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35

#### PBT313: MOLECULAR MEDICINE AND DIAGNOSTICS

L T P Cr 3 0 2 4.0

**Course Objectives:** To provide an advanced understanding of the molecular basis of the pathogenesis, diagnosis and treatment of human diseases. To describe and discuss topics related to infectious diseases, chronic diseases, genetic diseases, endocrine disorders, malignancy and diseases arising from abnormal immune responses.

**Concepts and Perspective of Molecular Medicine:** Basics of Molecular Medicine. Gene therapy as a potential tool to cure human diseases. Recombinant molecules in medicine. Transgenic and knock out animal models.

**Molecular Basis of Metabolic Disorders:** Introduction to metabolic disorders and metabolic profiling. Reproductive disorders. Cardiovascular diseases. Disorders in hormonal action. Insulin dependent and independent diabetes. Ligand induced signaling and gene expression in eukaryotic cells. Importance of intracellular trafficking & its related pathogenesis. Molecular endocrinology in health and disease. Cancer and cell cycle.

**Nuclear Receptors in Health and Disease:** Nuclear Receptor superfamily: an introductory overview; structural and functional attributes of various nuclear receptors; epigenetic modifications, chromatin remodelling; receptor regulation by post-translational modifications, nuclear receptors as drug targets; xenobiotic receptors and drug metabolism; co-transfection and transcriptional assays; steroid hormones and their receptors; molecular basis of endocrinopathies, endocrine disruptors and selective steroid receptor modulators.

Free Radicals and Metal ions in Biology and Medicine: Reactive Oxygen Intermediates (ROI), Transition metals in oxidative processes, Mechanisms of lipid, protein and DNA oxidation, Antioxidants-small molecules and enzymes, Involvement of oxidative processes in ageing, cancer and atherosclerosis, Metal ions in gene regulation, Iron in human diseases-anaemia, thalassemia, primary and secondary hemochromatosis. Menkes' and Wilson's disease: Genetic disorders of copper transport. Metals and free radicals in Alzeihmer's disease and other neurodegenerative diseases

**Self-Learning:** Cell Junctions, regulation of paracellular permeability; signaling from the apical junctional complex and role in epithelial polarization, cell differentiation, proliferation and gene expression; junctional components targeted by disease causing micro-organisms; diseases associated with intercellular junctions including multiple sclerosis, type 1 diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease, and cancers of the breast, prostate and colon.

## **Laboratory Work:**

Isolation and Culturing of Peripheral Blood Lymphocytes, Cell line culturing, Genomic DNA & RNA isolation from Blood and Tissues. RFLP-PCR for identification of SNP's, RT-PCR for analyzing gene expression, PCR-SSCP technique for mutation identification, Evaluation of Antibody titre by direct ELISA,Methods for prototype development of Immunodiagnostics (ICT card), Preparation of chromosomes from blood samples

## **Course Learning Outcomes (CLO):**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Receive insights into the translational and clinical aspects of science and conversely students in clinical medicine
- 2. Gain new insights into molecular mechanisms, disease models and preclinical work.

#### Text Books:

- 1. Methods in Molecular Medicine: Molecular Diagnosis of Genetic disease. Edited by ROB ELLES. Humana Press Inc., Towa, NJ, 356 pp. (1996).
- 2. Introduction to Molecular Medicine: Ross, Dennis W., XV, 153 p (2002).

## Reference Books:

- 1. Molecular Medicine, Genomics to Personalized Healthcare: Trent, RJ. Academic Press (2012).
- 2. Principles of Molecular Medicine: Runge, Marschall S.; Patterson, Cam (Eds.) Humana (2006).

Sr. No.	Evaluation Elements	Weightage (%)
1	MST	25
2	EST	40
3	Sessionals (May include Assignments/Projects/Tutorials/Quizes/Lab Evaluations)	35