COPYRIGHT RESERVED M. Sc.(I) — Ch (2)

2019(June)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Weightage : 70%

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The questions are of equal value.

Answer all questions.

- 1. With the help of VSEPR theory find out :
 - (a) Hybridization of centre atom
 - (b) Shapes and bond angle of the following molecule :
 - (i) XeO₃
 - (ii) BrF₅
 - (iii) ICl₃
 - (iv) CIO_3^-
 - (v) SO₃⁻⁻

OR

BZ – 320/1

(Turn over)

Explain the following :

- (a) Bond length of O_2 is more than that of O_2^+
- (b) Bent rule
- (c) $P\pi d\pi$ bond
- Why boranes are electron deficient explain ?
 Discuss the structure of B₄H₁₀. Classify the Dovon hydride.

OR

Construct the character table for $C_2 v$ point group.

Discuss liquid drop model for nuclear reaction.
 Discuss the factors which regulates the nuclear reaction.

OR

Draw MO diagram for CO and find out the bond order. Show that CO is both donor and acceptor ligand.

- Discuss the chemistry of lanthanide with respect to the following :
 - (a) Position in P. T.
- BZ-320/1 (2)

Contd.

- (b) Oxidation state and stability
- (c) Lanthanide contraction

OR

Discuss the oxidation state of lanthanide elements. How would you effect the separation of lanthanide ion with the help of ion exchange method.

 Find out the symmetry elements in NF₃ and assign their point group. Work out the group multiplication table for C₃v point group.

OR

What do you mean by mathematical group ? Prove that set of distinct symmetry operation constitute a group in mathematical Deuce.



BZ – 320/1 (125) (3) M. Sc.(I) – Ch (2)

2019(June)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Weightage : 70%

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer all questions.

 What is aromaticity ? Discuss the aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compound with suitable examples. 4+5+5 = 14

OR

State and explain Hyperconjugation in detail citing examples. 14

 Discuss the conformation of cyclohexane why chair conformation is more stable than boat or twisted conformation. Draw the conformation of 1, 2, 1, 3 and 1, 4 dimethyl cyclohexane.

4+4+6 = 14

OR

BZ – 321/1 (Turn over)

Explain stereochemistry of biphenyls and spiranes. 8+6 = 14

Discuss the structure, stability and reactivity of carbocation.
 4+4+6 = 14

OR

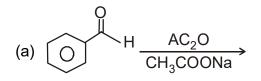
Explain carbon free radicals with reference to generation, structure, stability and reactivity. 14

- 4. Write an account of any two of the following :
 - (a) Hydroboration
 - (b) Mannich reaction
 - (c) Michael addition

OR

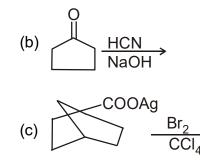
(2)

Predict the product giving the mechanism of any **two** of the following : $7 \times 2 = 14$



BZ – 321/1	
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Contd.



5. Discuss the stereochemistry of SN^2 and SN^1 nucleophlic substitution reaction. 7+7 = 14

OR

Write short notes on any two of the following :

- (a) Saytzeffi rule
- (b) Hofmann's rule
- (c) Carbene

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BZ – 321/1 (125) (3) M. Sc.(I) – Ch (3)

2019(June)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Weightage : 70%

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer all questions.

- (a) What do you mean by Quantum mechanical operators ? Give their expressions.
 - (b) Write down Time dependent Schrödinger wave equation. Derive from it time independent Schrödinger wave equation and concept of stationary states. 4+10 = 14

OR

- (c) Explain orthonormal functions. Illustrate with examples.
- (d) What do you mean by expectation value ? State whether ψ = sin 2x is eigenfunction of
- BZ 322/1 (Turn over)

 \hat{p}_x . If not, find out expectation value < p_x > in the limit of – a ≤ x ≤ + a. 6+8 = 14

- (a) Write down electronic Schrödinger wave function of one electron system in both Cartesian and polar form.
 - (b) Separate R(r), \bigoplus (θ) and Φ (ϕ) equations from above equation. 2+2+10 = 14

OR

- (c) Discuss radial wave functions and radial distribution functions.
- (d) Find out most probable distance of electron from nucleus in H-atom and He^+ ion. 10+4 = 14
- (a) State and explain Eckart's Variation theorem.
 - (b) Derive secular equations and determinant using variation theorem. 7+7 = 14

OR

(c) Explain Pauli's rule of antisymmetry of wave function. Discuss Spin-Orbitals.

BZ – 322/1 (2) Contd.

- (d) Write down Slator determinant of Li-atom.7+7 = 14
- 4. Discuss LCAO-MO method and apply to H_2^+ ion to obtain MO wave functions and energy eigenvalues. 4+5+5 = 14

OR

Discuss Valence bond theory with special reference of H_2 molecule. Give the concept of resonance. 12+2 = 14

5. Discuss HMO theory do deal with polyenes. Explain HMO wave-functions, energy levels, π electron density and π bond order. 14

OR

Apply HMO theory to butadiene to obtain :

31×4 = 14

- (a) HMO functions
- (b) HMO energy
- (c) π bond order
- (d) π electron densities

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BZ – 322/1 (125) (3) M. Sc.(I) – Ch (5)

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2019(June)

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Weightage : 70%

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The questions are of equal value.

Answer all questions.

 Discuss crystal field-theory and splitting of dorbital in octahedral complexes of transition metals. What are its limitations.

OR

What do you mean by crystal field stabilization energy ? Calculate CFSE for d5, d6, d7 configuration.

 What do you mean by "Spinel", "Normal Spinel" and "Inverse Spinel" ? Find out the nature of Spinel in Cr₃O₄.

OR

BZ – 323/1

(Turn over)

 $Cr(H_2O)_6$ shows three absorption bands at 17400 cm⁻¹. 24600 cm⁻ and 37900 cm⁻. Assign the three bands and calculate Δ_0 and B¹.

 Differentiate between thermodynamic and kinetic stability of the complexes. Illustrate SN₁CB hydrolysis with example.

OR

Discuss the application of trans effect for the square planar Pt(II) complexes.

4. Discuss the various factors which regulates the crystal field spletting parameter relating magnitude of Dq and pairing energy effect. How magnetic moment effect, explain.

OR

What are selection rules for electronic absorption spectra and discuss relaxation in these rules.

Contd.

- 5. Explain :
 - (a) Δt is only half as much as Δ_0
- BZ 323/1 (2)

(b) Magnetic moment of Cr(II) octahedral complexes may fall below μs value.

OR

Write notes on the following :

- (a) Charge transfer spectra
- (b) Differentiate between high spin and low spin complexes with an example



BZ – 323/1 (125) (3) M. Sc.(I) – Ch (6)

COPYRIGHT RESERVED M. Sc.(I) — Ch (7)

2019(June)

Time : 3 hours

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Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

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Answer all questions.

1. What are carbohydrates ? Establish the sturture of sucrose by degration and synthesis.

4 + 10 = 14

OR

What is glycosidic linkage ? Elucidate the constitution of maltose. 4+10 = 14

What are essential and non-essential fatty acids ? Discuss the structure and functions of triglycerides.
 4+10 = 14

OR

BZ-324/1

(Turn over)

What are amino acids ? Explain peptide bond.Explain primary and secondary structure ofprotein.4+4+6 = 14

 What are purine and pyrimidine derivatives of nucleic acids ? Explain the double helical model of DNA.
 14

OR

Discuss the chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of nucleic acid. 14

4. What are terpenoids ? Elucidate the structure of citral.4+10 = 14

OR

Classify terpenoids. Discuss the structure of comphor by degradation and synthesis. 14

What are alkaloids ? Establish the structure of nicotine.
 14

OR

Why is the physiological importance of alkaliods? Discuss the constitution of Ppaverine.

14



BZ - 324/1 (125) (2) M. Sc.(I) — Ch (7)