Cardiology - I

Year: Third Year D.voc

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Tea (aching Sche Hrs./Week	eme .)	Examination Scheme				ition Scheme			
			External Internal			IUldi				
L	Т	Р	Theory	Practical	Theory	*C.E.	Practical			
3	-	-	70	-	15	15	-	100		

L-Lectures; T-Tutorial; P-Practical; C.E.-Continuous Evaluation

Sr.	Торіс	Weightage	Teaching
NO.	 Presentation of a case of common cardiac diseases by students including differentiation of cardiac vs Non cardiac chest pain etc. Knowledge on common cardiac drugs, different modes of administration, adverse affects of a drug. How to give drugs by infusion pumps and immediate management in case of adverse effect of a drug including antidotes. Different methods of administration of oxygen, Endo tracheal intubations, tracheotomy tube insertion, suction procedure etc. Cardiac arrest- Diagnosis and first line treatment cardiopulmonary resuscitation- knowledge of basic life support and advanced cardiac life support (BLS & ACLS), Anaphylactic Shock. 	70	54
	Total teaching hours for the academic year		54

Cardiology – II

Year: Third Year D.voc

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Tea (aching Sche Hrs./Week	eme ()		Examinat	tion Scheme	Total		
			External		Internal			TULAT
L	Т	Р	Theory	Practical	Theory	*C.E.	Practical	
3	-	-	70	-	15	15	-	100

L-Lectures; T-Tutorial; P-Practical; C.E.-Continuous Evaluation

Sr.	Торіс	Weightage	Teaching
No.	 Enlisting common cardiac emergencies, its presentations, bed side methods of diagnosis and first line treatment. With special emphasis on vasopressors like Adrenaline, nor adrenaline, dopamine, dobutamine and vasopressors. Acute coronary syndrome (ST segment, MI and non ST segment MI, unstable angina etc.) Diagnosis & management Basics of: Acute cardiac failure including Acute pulmonary oedema, Acute Pericarditis –cardiac temonade Brief introduction of other killer causes of chest pain & breathlessness like acute dissection of aorta, Tension Pneumothorax and Acute Pulmonary embolism. Cardiogenic shock Introduction and basics of – Echocardiography, Tread mill test (TMT), Cardiac cath. Laboratory and Heart, Lung Machine and Pace makers X-ray findings of common cardiac conditions ECG findings in acute cardiac emergencies. Human approach and ethical issues. 	weightage %	freaching hours 54
	Total teaching hours for the academic year		54

Clinical posting: Cardiology

Year: Third Year D.voc

Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Tea (ching Scheme Hrs./Week) Examination Scheme					amination Scheme			
			Exte	rnal		Internal		Total	
L	Т	Р	Theory	Practical	Theory	*C.E.	Practical		
-	-	-	-	140	-	30	30	200	

L-Lectures; T-Tutorial; P-Practical; C.E.-Continuous Evaluation

Contents

Topic

- Presentation of a case of common cardiac diseases
- Differentiation of cardiac vs non cardiac chest pain
- How to give drugs by infusion pumps and immediate management in case of adverse effect of a drug including antidotes
- Different methods of administration of oxygen, Endo tracheal intubations, tracheotomy tube insertion, suction procedure etc.
- Cardiac arrest Diagnosis and first line treatment
- Cardiopulmonary resuscitation knowledge of basic life support and advanced cardiac life support (BLS & ACLS)
- Anaphylactic Shock.
- First line treatment with special emphasis on vasopressors like adrenaline, nor adrenaline, dopamine, dobutamine and vasopressors.
- Acute coronary syndrome (ST segment, MI and non ST segment MI, unstable angina etc.) Diagnosis & management
- Identification of other killer causes of chest pain & breathlessness like acute dissection of aorta, Tension Pneumothorax and Acute Pulmonary embolism. Cardiogenic shock
- Setup and conducting Echocardiography, Tread mill test (TMT), Cardiac cath. Laboratory and Heart, Lung Machine and Pace makers
- Analysis of X-ray findings of common cardiac conditions
- Analysis of ECG findings in acute cardiac emergencies.
- Training and maintenance of instruments and equipments.
- Patient handling for different procedures.
- Case studies. Clinical examinations. Report presentation and analysis.

SKILL MODULE -1 ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

Type of Course: UG- D.voc Med. Sci. Total duration of Skill Module: 100 hrs in Year 3rd Diploma Cardiology Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching S	cheme		Credit	Examination Scheme					TOTAL
LectHrs/	Week	ClinHrs/		Exte	ernal	Internal			
Tut Hrs/		Week							
				т	Р	т	CE	Ρ	
2	-	1	-	30	-	10	10		50

Lect- Lecture, Tut - Tutorial, Clin. - Clinical, T - Theory, P - Practical, CE - CE, T - Theory, P - Practical

SR.	TOPICS	WEIGHTAGE	TEACHING
NO 1	 Development and principle - Transducers and its types - Views used in transthoracic echocardiography - M- mode and 2D transthoracic echocardiography - Doppler 	100%	HOURS 100
	echocardiography: Principle - Pulsed, continuous wave and colour - Measurement of cardiac dimensions - Evaluation of systolic left ventricular function and methods - Evaluation of diastolic left ventricular function		
	Hemodynamic assessment - Stroke volume and cardiac output assessment - Regurgitant volume and fraction - Pulmonary – systemic flow ratio - Transvalvular gradients -		
	pressure han time - Continuity equation - Intracardiac pressure- Assist Cardiologist in obtaining images of Heart- Positioning of patient for testing.		
	stenosis - Mitral regurgitation - Mitral valve prolapse - Aortic stenosis - Aortic regurgitation - Pulmonary stenosis - Pulmonary regurgitation - Infective endocarditis -		
	Prosthetic valve assessment - Pulmonary hypertension - Echocardiography in Cardiomyopathies: - Dilated - Hypertrophic - Restrictive - Constrictive pericarditis -		
	Pericardial effusion and cardiac tamponade - Left atrial thrombus - Left atrial myxoma - Complications of MI - Transoesophageal echocardiography - Paediatric		
	- Situs ambigus - Ventricular segment and spatial position - Atrioventricular connections - Arterial segment and spatial position -		

relation - Ventriculo arterial segment - Congenital heart disease - Atrial septal defect - Ventricular septal defect - Patent ductus arteriosus - Tetralogy of Fallot - Coarctation of aorta - Transposition of great arteries- Knowledge about the equipment – Roles and responsibilities of Cardiac Technologist in assisting with Echocardiography		
Total teaching hours for the academic year	100%	100

SKILL MODULE -2 PERFUSION SCIENCE / TECHNOLOGY

Type of Course: UG- D.voc Med. Sci. Total duration of Skill Module: 150 hrs in Year 3rd Diploma Cardiology Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching S	cheme		Credit	Examination Scheme				TOTAL	
LectHrs/	Week	ClinHrs/		Exte	ernal	Internal			
Tut Hrs/		Week							
				т	Р	т	CE	Р	
3	-	2	-	70	-	15 15		100	

Lect- Lecture, Tut - Tutorial, Clin. - Clinical, T - Theory, P - Practical, CE - CE, T - Theory, P – Practical

SR.	TOPICS	WEIGHTAGE	TEACHING
NO			HOURS
1	Unit-1 PHYSICS FOR PERFUSIONISTS	100%	30
	1.Introduction to thermal sciences, review of calculus		
	2. Pressure, hydrostatics, and intro concepts in thermodynamics		
	3. Conservation of mass		
	4. The first law of thermodynamics and mechanical energy		
	balance		
	5. Applications of conservation of energy		
	6. Integral conservation of linear momentum		
	7. Concepts in cardiovascular fluid mechanics Flow through tubes		
	8. Intro to differential analysis and the continuity equation		
	9. The Navier-Stokes equations		
	10. Transport applications in cardiopulmonary bypass:		
	oxygenation andultrafiltration		
	11. Mass transfer and the differential component mass balance		
	12. Gas laws, solubility of gases		
	13. Volume, pressure, flow		
	14. Mass, density, viscosity		
	15. Heat units, temperature scales, heat transfer		
	16. Diffusion/osmosis Molarity, concentrations		
2	Unit-2 PERFUSION TECHNOLOGY		30
	1. Basics of diagnostic techniques		
	 Chest of X-ray, ECG, Angiography, Echo 		
	 Laboratory investigations in relation to perfusion 		
	technology		
	2. Monitoring and instrumentation		

	 Instrumentation technology of ECG machine, pressure transducers, syringe and peristaltic pumps, monitors, ventilators, pulse oximeters, temperature probes and thermo regulatory monitoring, defibrillators. Hemodynamic monitoring, Haemostatic monitoring. Maintenance of oxygen, carbon dioxide and acid base status andtheir monitoring 	
	3. Physiology of extra-corporeal circulation	
	 Assessment of patients before bypass; going on & coming offbypass. Hemodilution and priming solutions Principles of extracorporeal gas exchange Analyzing & correction of ABG,VBG and other blood 	
	investigations	
	 Heart-lung machines/centrifugal pumps Pressure and low level alarm devices Heart-lung heater/coolers Mechanical/electronic flow meters, blenders Perfusion data's recording, store keeping In-line oxygen saturation devices In-line blood gas devices Oxygen analyzers Cell savers Intra-aortic balloon pump 6. Support of Cardiac Operation Theatre Techniques Monitoring Setup for ECG and intravascular pressure monitoring Coronary artery and graft flow measurement Resuscitation and support Catheterisation Angiography Angioplasty EPS Studies Valvuloplasty 	
	Intra-aortic balloon	
3.	Unit-3CLINICAL APPLICATION OF CPB TECHNIQUES	30
	1. Conduct, Monitoring & Termination of CPB Check lists	
	Flow/pressure Hemodilution	
	Acid/base balance	
	 Oxygen and carbon dioxide exchange 	
	 Patient core temperature 	

Curriculum for 3 years D.Voc – Cardiology (TY) AY 2018-19

	Anticoagulation	
	Hypothermia	
	Pressure, flow, resistance	
	Adequacy of perfusion	
	Myocardial preservation General bypass Coronary Valvular Re-	
	Operations Congenital Fem-Fem bypass Emergency	
	2. Accidents and safeguards	
4.	Unit-4 PERFUSION FOR SPECIAL PROCEDURES	30
	1. Aortic Surgery	
	2. Management of Unusual Problems & Special Consideration in	
	Perfusion	
	I. Sickle cell A. Pathophysiology B. Considerations for CPB C.	
	Other blood disorders	
	II Methemoglobinemia A Pathonhysiology B Considerations for	
	CPB III Thalassemia	
	IV Spharacytasis & alliptocytosis	
	V. Hemesideresis & hemeshrometesis	
	V. Hemosiderosis & hemochromatosis	
	VI. Erythropolastosis fetalis	
	VII. Hereditary coagulation disorders A. Von Willebrand's disease	
	a) Type I b) Type II c) Type III B. Hemophilia A C. Hemophilia B	
	VIII. Acquired coagulation disorders A. Disseminated intravascular	
	coagulation (DIC) B. Primary fibrinolysis C. Vitamin K dependent	
	deficiency	
	IX. Platelet disorders 1. Thrombocytopenia 2. Cold Agglutinin	
	X. Perfusion techniques for Pregnant Patients.	
	XI. Malignant Hyperthermia.	
5.	Unit-5 ADVANCED PERFUSION TECHNIQUES & PEDIATRIC	30
	PERFUSION	
	2 Counter pulsation and VENTRICHLAR ASSIST DEVICES(VAD)	
	2. Minimally Invasive Cardiac Surgery (MICS)	
	4. Derfusion for Non-condina Procedures Liver transplant located	
	4. Perfusion for Non cardiac Procedures Liver transplant isolated	
	5. Recent advances in Perfusion Techniques	
	PEDIATRIC PERFUSION	
	Preparation for CPB: Equipment Preparation of the Patient for	
	CPB	
	2 Blood Flow FCC component and circuit selection Cannulation	
	3. Priming Conduct of Bynass CO2 management & Choice of Acid	
	Base management Fluid Management and Drug management	
	base management Fluid Management and Drug management	
	auring CPB Myocardial Protection	
	4. ECMO for Neonates, Infants and Children – Components	
	Circulatory assist devices for Infants and children Blood	

Cor 1. CPI 2. F 3. F Bas dui 4. Cir Co	Preparation Techniques Preparation for CPB: Equipment Preparation of the Patient for B Blood Flow, ECC component and circuitselection Cannulation Priming Conduct of Bypass CO2 management & Choice of Acid se management Fluid Management and Drug management tring CPB Myocardial Protection ECMO for Neonates, Infants and Children – Components rculatory assist devices for Infants and children Blood onservation Technique		
Tot	tal teaching hours for the academic year	100%	150

SKILL MODULE -3 ADVANCED CARDIAC TECHNOLOGY

Type of Course: UG- D.voc. Med. Sci. Total duration of Skill Module: 80 hrs in Year 3rd Diploma Cardiology Teaching and Examination Scheme:

Teaching Scheme		Credit	Examination Scheme				TOTAL		
LectHrs/	Week	ClinHrs/		External Internal					
Tut Hrs/		Week							
				т	Р	т	CE	Р	
2	-	1	-	70	-	15	15		100

Lect- Lecture, Tut - Tutorial, Clin. - Clinical, T - Theory, P - Practical, CE - CE, T - Theory, P - Practical

SR. NO	TOPICS	WEIGHTAGE	TEACHING HOURS
1		100%	80
	ADVANCED CARDIOVASCULAR INVESTIGATIONS		
	1. Parts of an ultrasound		
	2. Monitoring of hemodynamic parameters		
	3. Identify Parts of a defibrillator		
	4. Basic Life support		
	5. Advanced Cardiac Life Support		
	6. Identify rhythms for defibrillation		
	7. Perform the procedure for defibrillation.		
	6. Setting up of a cardiac catheterization unit for PTCA / Angiography		
	7. Identification of the various instruments used in a cath study / BMV /		
	PTCA		
	8. Packing and washing of all equipments in a cardiac catheterization lab.		
	9. Perform an ECHO 2D on a patient - identification of various		
	abnormalities.		
	10. The student must perform a Screening ECHO / Bedside ECHO.		
	11. The student must be exposed to various abnormalities that can be		
	identified by using the ECHO.		
	12. Independently maintain the cath lab table and its movements		
	General:		
	 Cardiac Monitoring - definition, purpose of cardiac monitoring, 		
	how to Recognise various arrhythmias how to set up a intensive		
	coronary care unit and usefulness of ICCU		
	 Interpretation of TMT report - criteria for TMT positive test 		

 Procedure during pregnancy- precautions to be followed. Nuclear Cardiology - instrumentation, radiopharmaceuticals, patient imaging techniques. 		
 Procedure during pregnancy- precautions to be followed. Nuclear Cardiology - instrumentation, radiopharmaceuticals, 		
 Procedure during pregnancy- precautions to be followed. 		
procedures over CD		
 CD recording and storage- recording and storage of all the 		
Cardioverter defibrillator devices		
complications one may encounter and management. Implantable		
 Temporary and permanent pacing - materials used, procedure, 		
various chambers, normal and abnormal values		
 Pressure recording- handling of the instrument and pressures in 		
instrument, normal and abnormal values.		
 Oxymetry - handling of the instrument and usefulness of the 		
mapping and ablation		
Electrophysiological studies - basic knowledge of FP studies		
for device closure of VSD - procedure, indications and materials used		
I UI UEVILE CIOSULE OLASD.		
Device closure of ASD - procedure, indications and materials used		
and materials used for coil and device closure of PDA		
• Coil closure and device closure of PDA - procedure, indications		
valvuloplasty.		
valvuloplasty ballon pulmonary valvuloplasty and balloon tricuspid		
treatment of ballons, mitral valvuloplasty, ballon aortic		
 Valvoplasties- procedure, indications, complications and 		
 Holter monitoring - procedure and usefulness 		
 Electrolyte disturbances - ECG in hypokalemia. hyperkalemia etc 		
FPC, VPC, VF, VT, AF, SVT. IOHB. IIOHB. complete heart block		
FCG diagnosis of all rhythm disturbances Sinus arrhythmia APC		
Thyocardiac periodian SCan Cardiac arrhythmias - bradyarrhythmia and tachy arrhythmias and		
 Myocardial perfusion scan - procedures and usefulness of myocardial perfusion scan 		
used in the management of Cardiac arrest		
massage, artificial respiration and other drugs and procedures		
• Management of cardiac arrest - definition, causes external cardiac		
complications during the procedure and its management		
 Use of defibrillator- indications, how to use the defibrillator, 		
complications that may occur in TMT room and its management		
contraindication for TMT conditions where TMT is not useful,		
contraindicat	tion for TMT conditions where TMT is not useful,	tion for TMT conditions where TMT is not useful,